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IRMA AND DISTRICT HOME TOWN NEWSPAPER FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR YEARS

IRMA TIMES

READ IN THE HOME OF EVERY RESIDENT IN THE IRMA TRADING AREA.

Vol. 26 No. 6 — Irma, Alberta, Friday, August 2nd, 1940 — $2.00 per year in advance; 5c per copy

ALBERTA PROVINCIAL LIBRARY
AUG - 6 1940
EDMONTON

Interesting Items From Kinsella

Miss Gladys Eckert is visiting at the home of her aunt, Mrs. J. Allen.

Mrs. J. McKie of Edmonton is visiting friends and relatives in the district.

Mrs. Wm. Brown has returned to Kinsella after visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Simpson of Edmonton, who has been ill for some time.

Miss Chrissie McKie and Miss Patricia Stronach are spending two weeks holidays at the coast.

Miss Gloria Berzanski of Edmonton is visiting at her uncle's, Mr. T. Berzanski.

Mrs. R. Stevens has returned after a two weeks holiday with her daughter, Mrs. A. Squair of Gem, Alberta.

Mr. Lyle Smart of Holden spent Sunday at the Stronach home.

Members of the Vets Volunteer Reserve will meet at Kinsella Monday, August 5th, 8:30 p.m. for the purpose of electing officers.

Mrs. Dean left for Edmonton after a month's visit at the J. Christenson home.

Misses Regina and Betty McBride of Sedgewick are visiting their sister, Mrs. B. H. Green.

Another dance in Kinsella on Sat. night, August 3rd.

Kinsella Sports Day, August 7th.

"War loans bearing no interest is one preventative measure against economic ill-health after the war." Dr. Michael Halpetin.

OPEN OFFICES FOR PASSPORTS IN KEY CITIES

Additional facilities for the issuance of passports for entry into the United States have been provided by the department of external affairs and additional temporary offices are being opened in key centres throughout Canada. In addition to the present office in Ottawa, offices are opened or will be in Windsor, Vancouver, Winnipeg, Toronto, Montreal, St. Stephen and Moncton in the premises of the collector of customs, except in Vancouver, where the office will be located in the immigration office.

Passport application forms are available at railway and steamship ticket offices in the larger centres, as in the past, and also at post offices throughout Canada. Forms have been sent to the postmaster in each of the following municipalities:

Yukon Territory—Dawson, Whitehorse.

British Columbia—Kamloops, Penticton, Prince Rupert, Prince George, Trail, Vancouver, Victoria.

Alberta—Calgary, Edmonton, Lethbridge, Medicine Hat, Wainwright.

Saskatchewan—Moose Jaw, North Battleford, Prince Albert, Regina, Saskatoon, Swift Current.

Manitoba—Brandon, Dauphin, Portage la Prairie, St. Boniface, The Pas, Virden, Winnipeg.

Ontario—Belleville, Brantford, Canreol, Cornwall, Fort Erie, Fort William, Guelph, Hamilton, Kenora, Kitchener, Kingston, London, Niagara Falls, North Bay, Oshawa, Ottawa, Owen Sound, Pembroke, Peterborough, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Sarnia, Stratford, St. Thomas, Sudbury, Toronto, Windsor, Woodstock.

Quebec—Mont Joli, Montreal, Quebec, Riviere du Loup, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinthe, St. Jean, Valleyfield.

New Brunswick—Bathurst, Campbellton, Fredericton, Moncton, St. John, St. Stephen.

NOTICE

IN THE ESTATE OF FREDERICK BURTON CHALLIES late of Irma, Alberta, farmer, deceased

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above-named Frederick Burton Challies, who died on the 8th day of July, A.D. 1940, are required to file with the undersigned by the 14th day of September, 1940, a true statement, duly verified, of the their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the Administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to his knowledge.

Dated 30th July, 1940.

LYMBURN, REID & COBBLEDICK
Solicitors for the Administrator,
822 Tegler Bldg., Edmonton.
or to
G. B. Carley, Irma, Alta.,
Administrator.

"That the Allied powers shall be successful is not only necessary to their future existence as nations but upon that success depends also the freedom and liberty of the people of other nations now living in constant fear and dread of conquest or actually sufering under the weight of ruthless oppression."—Hon. Eric W. Hamber

CHURCH NOTICES AND ACTIVITIES

UNITED CHURCH

Albert—Public worship 11:30 a.m.
Alma Mater—Public worship 3 p.m.
Roseberry—Sunday school 2:30 p.m.
Irma—Sunday school 11 a.m.
Public worship 8 p.m.

Members of the Young People's Society will conduct the services at the country appointments. Rev. Woolet of Jarrow will preach Sunday evening in Irma.

FULL GOSPEL SERVICES

Irma—Friday, August 2, 8 p.m.
Sunday, August 4th
Irma—2 p.m.
Roseberry—4 p.m.
Ross—8 p.m.
Everybody cordially invited.

ANGLICAN CHURCH

There will be celebration of Holy Communion in St. Mary's Church on Sunday August 11th at 2:30 p.m.

The next meeting of the W.A. will be held at the home of Mrs. Urquhart on Wednesday, August 7th, at 2:30 p.m. Will all members kindly bring their thank offering boxes so that the thank offering may be sent to the diocesan secretary. Mrs. Jas. Carter will be at Peterson's garage with her car to take members to this meeting.

SHARON LUTHERAN CHURCH

English service at 11:15 on Aug. 4, conducted by Mr. Haave.

LEGION NOTES

The Irma branch of the Canadian Legion No. 112 of the B.E.S.L. will meet at the Legion Hall, Irma, Alberta, Saturday evening, August 3rd, 1940, at 8:30 p.m. All members and ex-service men are requested to attend.

NATIONAL REGISTRATION

On August 19, 20, and 21 a great army of Canadian people—all those male or female, over the age of 16—will move out to the points of registration and fill in the cards containing a number of questions.

Why is this registration taking place? This country is at war. It must put forth the utmost possible effort to accomplish its purpose. That purpose is the defeat of the enemy.

In order to do this it must marshal the full forces o fthe nation—all the human, moral, material and spiritual forces of Canada.

There can be no slacking. We need more planes, tanks ammunition. To produce them we need more men, women, materials, money. The nation must produce more, spend less, and—to be frank about it—pay more taxes.

Then it is necessary that our young men should be trained for home defence. They will be called up at an early date for a brief period of intensive military training.

Yes, we are at war. Registration means simply, organization for greater effort—for victory. Register early. To answer the question takes only a few minutes' work if you come prepared to answer. Read the questions in this paper and know the answers you have to make before you go to register. Where so many must give their all you will not hesitate in doing your part.

OLD TIMERS PICNIC AND DANCE, WED., AUGUST 7

What promises to be an outstanding affair before the harvest season sets in, is the old-timers' picnic and dance to be held on the Prague picnic grounds, 12 miles southwest of town, on Wednesday, August 7th, commencing at 2 p.m.

A real variety program has been arranged consisting of softball games, high jump, potato race on ponies, men's race, pipe race, pony races for school boys, children's races, putting the rock, ladies races, horse shoe tournament, bicycle races, old-timers race, challenge tug-of-war between Viking and Prague, clowns, barrel race, pillow fight on poles, Chan-Du the magician, loudspeaker system by Vern Gilpin, etc.

There will also be short addresses by local speakers.

In the evening a dance will be held in the Prague hall and music will be furnished by the Galahad Melody Aces.

Admission to grounds 25c for adults; admission to dance, gents 35c, ladies 25c, including lunch.

Everybody welcome.

NORDSTROM—ROSEN

The Viking Lutheran Church was the scene of a lovely wedding on Wednesday, July 10th, at 2:30 p.m., when Miss Gerda Rosen, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Rosen, and Mr. Palmer Nordstrom, son of Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Nordstrom, exchanged marriage vows. Reverend J. B. Stolee officiated.

The church was beautifully decorated for the occasion. Summer flowers were massed about the altar and in the choir loft, white and pink bows marked the guest pews and a white carpet was laid from the white and pink latticed archway to the doors.

The bride entered the church on the arm of her father. She was beautiful in a floor length gown of white satin fashioned in princess style. The sleeves, full at the shoulders with lace inserts, tapered to the wrists. Her long veil arranged in halo effect was held in place by a wreath of orange blossoms and she carried talisman roses in her bouquet. Her only ornament was a string of pearls.

Albert District News

On July 26 a very successful sports day and dance was sponsored by the Albert young people in aid of the Red Cross. A large crowd gathered at the grounds at Ambler's Lake where hardball and softball games and a horse shoe tournament were held. The children enjoyed races after supper. R. C. Johnson and Haakon Larson were the winners at horse shoes. An enjoyable dance in the school house brought the day to a close.

Mrs. Brady and daughters Alice and Sheila of Mannville are visiting Mrs. Griffiths.

Miss Edna Jones is visiting Miss Beatrice Winfield at Rodino.

A U.F.A. meeting was held in the school house July 27 to make arrangements for a supply of twine.

Miss Marian Carrington is visiting Miss Edith Jones.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Schlender, July 24, a son.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Municipal District of Battle River 423

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—Please note and govern yourselves accordingly that the roadways between section 33 and 34 in township 45 range 7 west of the 4th meridian and sections 3 and 4 in township 46 range 7 west of the 4th meridian, is closed to traffic, parties travelling same do so at their own risk.

Chas. Wilbraham,
Secretary-Treasurer,
M.D. Battle River, No. 423,
Irma Alberta.

19-26 2 9

PUBLIC NOTICE

Municipal District of Battle River 423

Hauling of gravel from the municipal district's gravel pit in the NE corner of the NW 20-45-9 or any other municipal gravel pit for purposes other than municipal district public works without written permission is contrary to law.

Any person or persons found guilty of such action will be liable to prosecution.

Chas. Wilbraham,
Secretary-Treasurer,
M.D. Battle River No. 423
Irma, Alberta.

PHILIPS NEWS

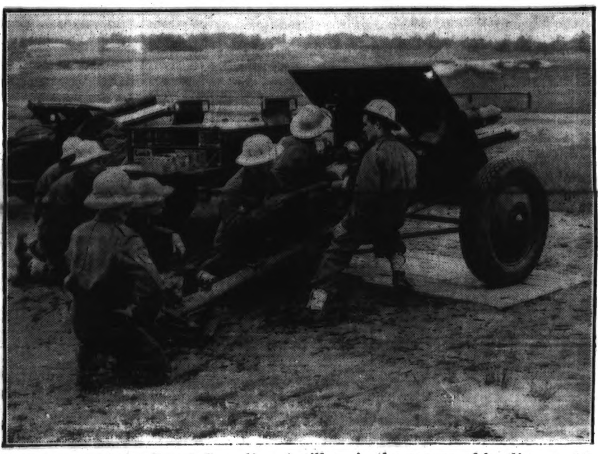
Olle Gilbertson has left to join the youth training in Edmonton where he expects to specialize in welding.

Lorne Westbrook has gone to Saskatoon for the remainder of the summer.

Mrs. Maloney and two children of Edmonton are visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Piscia.

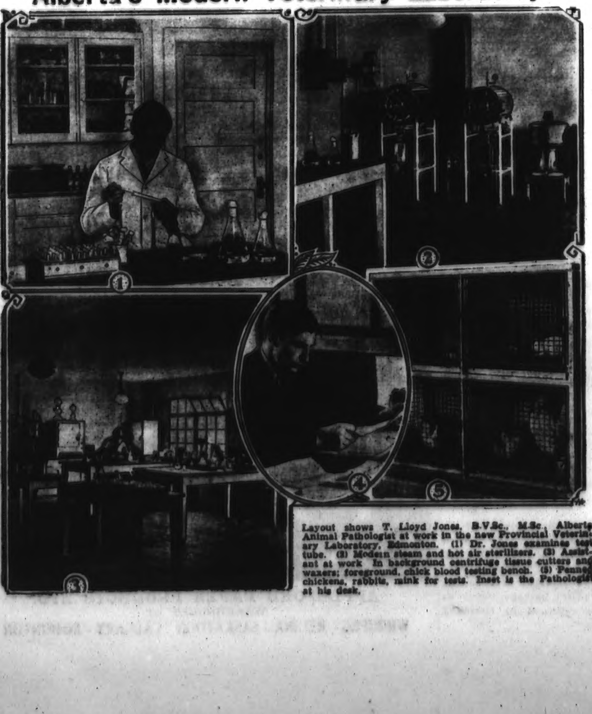
Mrs. H. L. Cooper and sons Leslie and Laurie are visiting at Phillips.

Mrs. Evans attended the wedding of her granddaughter, Betty Humphries, at Alexander, Man., recently.



A gun crew of the Royal Canadian Artillery in the proces of loading an 18-pounder field gun at the Petawawa Training Camp in Ontario.

Alberta's Modern Veterinary Laboratory



Layout shows T. Lloyd Jones, B.V.Sc., M.Sc., Alberta Animal Pathologist at work in the new Provincial Veterinary Laboratory, Edmonton. (1) Dr. Jones examines test tube. (2) Modern steam and hot air sterilizers. (3) Assistant at work In background centrifuge tissue cutters and waxers; foreground, chick blood testing bench. (5) Penned chickens, rabbits, mink for tests. Inset is the Pathologist at his desk.

HELP CANADA

PROTECT YOUR HOMES

Few would not want to fight if the enemy were marching into our streets and country-side. With untrained men we would not stand a chance. We must be realists . . . we must be prepared . . . we must train . . .

Join the Non-Permanent Active Militia NOW and be prepared to help Canada in her present emergency. For particulars . . .

Apply To Your Nearest Militia Unit NOW!

The Country Elevator Managers, Superintendents and Officers of

National Elevator Company Limited
Northern Elevator Company Limited
British America Elevator Company Limited
Grand Trunk Pacific Terminal Elevator Co. Limited

announce

that effective August 1, 1940, their Country Elevators, Coal Sheds and Terminals, formerly operated as individual units, will join together and operate as the

NATIONAL GRAIN COMPANY
LIMITED

We offer the same unexcelled service to our many old friends and hope that operating as one unit we will attain even greater efficiency and thus gain many new friends.

(1)

"It DOES taste good in a pipe!"
HANDY SEAL-TIGHT POUCH - 15¢
½-LB. "LOK-TOP" TIN
also packed in Pocket Tins
Picobac
GROWN IN SUNNY SOUTHERN ONTARIO

Manufacturing Speech

In the light of a good many experiences and examples of recent date one can be pardoned for speculating on the question whether the proprietors and operators of radio stations throughout the country are fully alive to their responsibilities in the matter of the use of the English language and the pronunciation thereof through their facilities.

In broaching this topic it must not be forgotten that every English speaking country, in the process of time, develops its own speech and its own pronunciation; to the people of other English-speaking countries, it might be referred to as its own idiosyncracies of dialect. In some of the older countries accent and pronunciation have become more or less stabilized, but Canada, as a young country, has not yet reached this stage. It is in process of formation and when one listens to radio announcers broadcasting the news, one wonders in what direction we are heading.

The question which naturally sifts through the mind is whether we are developing, in an orderly fashion, a form of speech which will ultimately become characteristically Canadian, and which will eventually be recognized as such or are we promoting confusion and chaos so extensively that in course of time, the accustomed listeners to one radio station will find difficulty in understanding the patrons of another?

The posing of such a question with its hint of a dire outcome might be regarded in some quarters as levity, yet the implied potentiality is not beyond the range of possibility. One has only to listen to the broadcasts from a number of stations to appreciate the wide variety of accent used for the same word and the great ranges of pronunciation. And this does not refer only to place names of foreign origin which are now plentifully besprinkled through the newcasts, but it applies with equal force to many English words of fairly common usage.

* * * *

Uniformity Needed

There may be some excuse for variations in pronunciation of the names of foreign towns and cities, but even here, there should be some attempt at standardization and the names should be pronounced in such a manner that they can be recognized by the reasonably well educated average listener. Frequently the name of the town quoted by the announcer is just a blur to the listener and conveys no meaning.

A writer on this subject in a daily newspaper recently complained that he heard an announcer refer to the town of Cannes, a popular resort in southern France, as "Ka," obviously an attempt to pronounce the name as the French themselves do, but omitting the slight flavor of the letter "n" which the French adopt. The writer's sense of perception must have been quite acute to have enabled him to translate the sound "Ka" as Cannes. On the other hand the radio announcer who referred to the same place as "Kan-neese" betrayed the fact that he was not accustomed to moving in well informed circles, otherwise he would have used "Kan," the Anglicised version. In either case, listeners would have had great difficulty in identifying the place. One instance was an example of pedantry, the other of lack of a broad education.

But as already intimated there may be some excuse for these wide variations of pronunciation, where proper nouns of foreign vintage are concerned, but the mispronunciation of English common nouns cannot so easily be condoned, and if the coining of new pronunciations of common English words is to be permitted, let there at least be some standardization, lest there be confusion among the audience.

The other day a radio announcer had occasion to use the word "conjure" in a newscast. The listeners heard it as "Kun-jewer" with stress on the last syllable intead of the first and such distortion of the last syllable as must have caused the well informed to jeer if not to writhe in anguish.

* * * *

Leadership Important

What determines correct pronunciation, if it is not good usage? Who should be the source and inspiration of good usage, if it is not the well informed, those with a broad education, not necessarily acquired solely in cloistered walls?

When the use which is now being made of the radio is remembered, it should not be overlooked that the radio announcer is wielding a powerful influence in the development of a characteristic Canadian speech. The form which this speech is going to take is now in the moulding process. While the people themselves, consciously or unconsciously, will determine what form this speech will take, they will depend largely on the leadership that is given them.

If that characteristic Canadian speech, when more or less stabilized, is to be broad, virile and respected, it is important that it be inspired by the right kind of leadership. It should not be pedantic, nor should it be born of lack of knowledge and experience, and above all, if it is to be crystallized, clear cut, it should not be subjected to influences that are widely at variance.

Perhaps there should be a national school for radio announcers in order to ensure some uniformity, no matter what form that uniformity may take and to prevent the erection of a Canadian tower of babel.

Had To Celebrate

Liskeard, a Cornish town, has marked its 700th anniversary. In 1240, Richard, Earl of Cornwall, granted the first charter. The war was not allowed to interfere with a one-day celebration of the anniversary.

"The man who runs that store has the right idea, all right."
"How so?"
"He advertises: 'Bagpipes and musical instruments'."

Proverbs are short sentences drawn from long experience.

Aided In Escape

John George Howard, 87, Johannesburg, South Africa, who hid Winston Churchill in a mine pit for three days in 1899 after Britain's prime minister, then a newspaperman, escaped from a prisoners' camp in the Boer war, is dead. He helped Churchill flee by train to Portuguese territory, concealed in bales of wool.

Salt or vinegar will not set colors in cotton goods prepared with the modern dyes, says an extension clothing specialist.

Nearly two-thirds of the people of Greece live by farming.

For Better Desserts
Durham
Corn Starch

Product St. Lawrence Starch Co. Ltd.
D20

Skilled Workers Needed

The Most Sought After Army Recruits Are Good Mechanics

Young Canada, pondering what to do in the war effort, might well envy the skilled mechanic, the most sought-after army recruit there is these days.

The military experts keep shouting that this is a mechanized war. Still of value are Rudyard Kipling's boots, boots, boots, and the commissariat camels but they have been largely superseded by caterpillar treads and trucks.

The business of war has grown immense and delicate at the same time. Thus men who can adjust precision instruments as well as those skilled with acetylene torches and wrenches have first call in the army's needs. So, too, in the navy and the air force.

The army prefers graduate mechanics but sometimes it will take apprentices and train them. Worth of a mechanic is recognized by his pay, higher than that of the fighting man, unskilled in a trade.

So great is the demand for mechanics that the army asks that no one, seeking enlistment, hide his light under a bushel. A mechanic should explain his qualifications so that his special skill is not lost for the time being.

For those who are not mechanics, who have not had military experience, but would still like to do their part and be ready when the time comes, the advice is to keep on with the job at hand and learn the elements of soldiering at night.

That applies to those between the ages of 19 and 45, five feet tall or better, and weighing upwards of 120 pounds. These men may join the non-permanent active militia, a reservoir of manpower for the C.A.S.F.

By joining it a man is not committed to overseas service and under the present law it is for the militia man to decide for himself whether or not he moves overseas on active service when his corps is called upon for drafts for the C.A.S.F.

N.P.A.M. recruiting depots are scattered all over the country. Where units are at full strength recruits will be put on the list and called when there are vacancies.

But there are those, such as doctors, engineers or graduates in some scientific or technical profession or accountants, that the army does not want presently as enlisted men. They may train as officers in the Canadian Officers' Training Corps.

Almost every university has such a corps which trains its undergrads if they are more than 20, sophomores, and not taking certain specialized courses.

At the same time, for those pondering enlistment, experts at Ottawa suggest it is a good idea to consider of what value a man may be to the country in his present position. Those men growing wheat or potatoes, firing a locomotive, studying medicine, adding to the country's books and other kindred chores fall in the category of serving their country in their present capacity.

Only Four Exceptions

Prime Minister King Has Fourteen Lawyers In His Cabinet

It is a notable fact that fourteen of the eighteen members of Prime Minister Mackenzie King's Cabinet are lawyers. The four exceptions are Mr. Howe, who is an engineer; Mr. MacKinnon, who is an Edmonton business man; and Messrs. Crerar and Gardiner, who were formerly school teachers and farmers. Mr. King studied law but never practiced.

Thomas Jefferson once observed the study of the law is the most certain stepping-stone in a political line. Some eighty of our Commoners are learned in the law, and, generally speaking, they render fine service, but in some cases the lawyer has spoiled the statesman, as Disraeli said apropos of Lord Brougham.

It was Cicero who said that the safety of the people shall be the highest law, and if the legal luminaries who dominate proceedings in the Parliament can ensure the safety of the people and of the Empire in the present crisis the whole nation will sing their praises.—Toronto Globe and Mail.

It has been stated that 12,000 tons of mustard gas were used in the Great War, causing 400,000 casualties.

Physicians of Australia have started trouble by declaring that over 100,000 women in the country are overweight.

When buttering sandwiches dip the knife in hot water frequently and it will be much easier to spread the butter. 2369

Air Mail

Volume Has Greatly Increased Over A Period Of Three Years

Air mail should pay for itself in five years, George Herring, superintendent of air and land mail service of the post office, told the commons committee on railways and shipping.

Answering questions concerning the payment to Trans-Canada Air Lines and 28 other air services of $2,250,000 last year and an estimated payment of $4,500,000 this year, Mr. Herring attributed the increase to natural expansion of the services.

If volume of mail carried were doubled, however, he estimated that in five years it would pay for itself. He pointed out that volume had increased over a period of three years as from 39,000 pounds through 450,000 pounds to 740,000 pounds last year. "We never go back," he said.

Asked about possible lowering of the rate now chargd for air mail, Mr. Herring said the rate was fixed up to next Dec. 31, when, based upon the difference between the revenues and expenses of TCA he was hopeful it might be reduced.

The minister said the operating expenses of the airline would be paid more and more by passengers. He hoped that the cost of the mail, now 60 cents a pound a mile, would be reduced next year to 50 cents.

Get Into Line

Everyone Needed In Some Way To Help Defeat Nazis

In Britain the time has come for a full-sighted gaze into the truth of events. We are facing the most critical and dangerous days in the whole of our history. No time for play. No time for any inquests or for seeking to lay at anybody's door the responsibility for our present situation. No time for anything except taking the most active and determined steps to avert our peril. Time, in fact, is no longer on our side. It may be doubted if ever it was. One thing remains to be done. Get into the line. The whole manhood of Britain, old and young, rich and poor, wise and foolish, are needed to impose their bodies as an impassable barrier to Nazi domination. Nothing, nothing, nothing shall make us bend our heads and pass for centuries beneath the Nazi yoke.

The Germans must be stopped. The last corner of the last ditch of the last field in Britain must and will be defended to the death.—London Sunday Express.

SELECTED RECIPES

CANDIED COTTAGE ROLL

4 lbs. cottage roll
Boiling water
1 tablespoon mustard
Vinegar
Sifted cracker crumbs
Whole cloves
½ to ⅓ cup Bee Hive Golden Corn Syrup

Simmer cottage roll in gently boiling water until tender. Cool in the liquid in which it was cooked, then drain. Remove strings.

Place cooked cottage roll on rack in roasting pan. Smooth mustard to a paste with vinegar, and spread over fat surface of roll. Cover with sifted cracker crumbs, score in diamonds and centre each diamond with a clove. Pour corn syrup carefully over surface.

Place in a hot oven, 400 degrees F., to re-heat meat and to glaze surface. Baste carefully once or twice during cooking with liquid in pan.

SPANISH STEAK

1½ lbs. chopped steak (uncooked)
1 teaspoon salt
¼ teaspoon pepper
1 tablespoon minced onion
14 Christie's Premium Soda Crackers (crumbled fine)
1 egg, beaten

Mix all ingredients together. Shape in one thin cake. Broil on a greased pan until brown. Serve with Spanish Sauce. Cook 1 minced onion, ¼ cup minced green pepper in two tablespoons butter for five minutes. Add 1 cup canned tomatoes, 2 tablespoons minced olives and 1½ cups brown stock. Season and simmer for 10 minutes. Six portions.

Source Of Aluminum

German Incendiary Bomb Rods Picked Up In Britain

The British Broadcasting Corporation said that the German Air Force is "contributing" to the British campaign to collect and conserve aluminum.

"A number of aluminum rods about four feet long by three quarters of an inch thick, with a square plate at the end, have been picked up after German air raids on this country," said the broadcast heard by the Columbia Broadcasting System.

"The air ministry now tells us that these rods are used for holding incendiary bombs and are dropped with the bombs. It advises finders to hand them straight over to the local scrap metal salvage depot so they can be returned to Germany with interest."

Which of these TIRE BARGAINS suits your needs

GENUINE Firestone at Rockbottom Prices

No matter what price you want to pay for tires, go first to the nearest Firestone Dealer. He can make you a proposition that will save you money because he has a Firestone tire in every price class to suit every purse. In addition to the sensational new Firestone Champion tire, he has three other lower priced Firestone tires now selling at rock-bottom prices. Not only do Firestone's cost no more than ordinary tires, but on the basis of cost-per-mile they are by far the cheapest you can own. Put safe, new tires on your car now—see the nearest Firestone Dealer today.

REPLACE DANGEROUS WORN TIRES NOW
SEE THE FIRESTONE DEALER FIRST

Climate Came First

A check on this year's tourists to Southern California revealed the following reasons and percentages for which they came: climate enthusiasm, 57 per cent; beaches and oceans, 21 per cent.; good roads, 14 per cent.; mountains, 8 per cent.

Large airliners now being developed for long-distance transportation will cruise at 300 miles an hour in the sub-stratosphere.

More Dangerous

The bite of a human being is really more serious than the average bite of a dog, cat or horse because the human mouth contains a greater variety and larger quantity of dangerous bacteria.

Cosmic rays, invisible electronic projectiles which bombard the earth from some unknown source in outer space, travel 186,000 miles per second.

A GROCER PUT ME WISE,

"Sure I'm a crank for cleanliness—but it never occurred to me that waxed paper should be as unquestionably pure as food itself. Thank goodness a grocer put me wise. From now on it's Para-Sani—pure and safe food protection."

PARA-SANI
PURE—HEAVY
WAXED
PAPER
AN APPLEFORD PRODUCT
MADE IN CANADA

APPLEFORD PAPER PRODUCTS LTD.
WAREHOUSES AT
WINNIPEG - REGINA - SASKATOON - CALGARY - EDMONTON

Every Canadian Home Can Be Made Attractive By Judicious Use Of Trees

The old saying that a home is not a home until it is planted is true today as ever. Every unplanted home in Canada can be made more attractive by the judicious use of trees, shrubs, vines, flowers, and a well-kept lawn.

We are influenced by our surroundings to a greater degree than we sometimes realize. Children are particularly sensitive in this regard. Surely a home in and around which flowers are grown is a better place to bring up children than a home where no attention is paid to these friends of the plant kingdom. If children are taught to love flowers and become familiar with them, they will be filled with love for these things and there will be less room in their hearts and minds for the things that hurt and destroy.

Canada is a land of rare natural beauty from the Bras d'Or lakes in Cape Breton island to the mountain ranges of the Pacific coast. Nature has endowed this country with the most beautiful and the greatest variety of natural scenic grandeur to be found anywhere in the universe. Mountains, lakes, streams, forests, plains, waterfalls, all are to be found in great abundance. The things which are unsightly and unlovely are made by man, and it would seem that the least we can do is to make these man-made places sufficiently attractive that they will, in some measure at least, be in keeping with the great natural beauty to be found throughout this great Dominion.

There are many good reasons why every householder, rural or urban, should do his or her part toward making the home surroundings more attractive. In the first place, the money spent for nursery stock or other planting material is a good investment, and will increase the value of a home to a much greater extent than the amount spent for planting material. Further, in the full and satisfactory life there must be found time for both mental and physical relaxation, and where can one find a more satisfactory place to get away from wartime stress and strain than among the flowers of the garden?

Another reason for putting forth a special effort in home beautification work just now is to make Canada more attractive to tourists. The tourist trade from the United States is very important to Canada at the present time, and anything that can be done to help increase it will be a benefit to the Dominion as a whole.

We frequently meet with the objection that gardens and flowers cost too much or they take too much time. The truth is that it is not so much a matter of time or money as it is of desire and disposition. If we are disposed to have gardens and flowers and attractive home surroundings, we will have them no matter how busy we may be.

Your nearest experimental farm or agricultural college will gladly give you information regarding suitable varieties of planting material for the district in which you live. The investment that you make of time and money in this connection will pay great dividends in satisfaction, and if you make your home more attractive you have helped to improve the town or community in which you live.

If you help to make your home town or community more beautiful you have helped to make more beautiful Canada.

Suggestion Is Sensible

Inspector Thinks Preparedness For Any Kind Of Fire Is Essential

Inspector Bishop, of the Ontario Fire Marshal's Department, believes in preparedness where fires are concerned.

In a recent address he advised housewives to keep ten pounds of baking soda on hand to extinguish fires caused by burning fat.

Should gasoline take fire, he warned against the use of water, which just spreads the fire. Throw a rug over the fire or have a foam fire extinguisher on hand. On the use of gasoline for cleaning purposes, however, he issues a stern warning—"Never do it." There are solvents on the market that are just as good cleansers and not so volatile and dangerous, such as Stoddard and Varsol. Even an electric light bulb can be hot enough to ignite gasoline fumes. To illustrate just how dangerous a gasoline explosion may be, Inspector Bishop states that a gallon of gasoline evaporated and exploded will raise 1,000 times as much weight as a stick of dynamite.

Armaments For The Reich

Cost Germany Tremendous Sum And Country Staggering Under Debt

Weakened by seven years of heavy spending for armament and public works, says a despatch from New York, German finance found itself, at the opening of the war in the West, in a condition nearly as run down as that it reached only at the end of the Great War. In giving the German Army the finest equipment in the world—countless airplanes, cannon, tanks, rifles, submarines, and auxiliary craft for waging lightning war—the Government has plunged the nation into debt with a rapidity unrivalled even in the United States.

In the years immediately preceding the outbreak of war last September, the Reich government, in an effort to foot the enoromus bills which Chancellor Hitler was running up in outfitting the German army with highly expensive mechanized equipment, taxed the German people far more heavily that they were taxed in the Great War. And the income which escaped the tax collectors' axe was gathered in by forced subscriptions to the government's securities.

But even these exactions on the income and savings of the German people did not suffice to meet the staggering costs of preparing for and waging Hitlerian war. The government has since 1934 made use of a special kind of I.O.U., variously known as work creation bills, rearmament bills and delivery bills, to pay German business for goods and services received. There are unmistakable signs, too, of use of cruder sorts of inflationary devices, namely direct borrowings from the Reichsbank, and the printing of paper currency.

In his address before the Reichstag on September 1, as German troops were moving across the Polish border, Chancellor Hitler said that he had spent 90,000,000,000 marks ($36,000,000,000) in preparing the Reich armed forces for war. Under the Nazi system full disclosure of the government's fiscal position is considered an outmoded concept. By the German government's own incomplete confession, however, the Reich debt had, up to a year ago, tripled under Nazi rule.

Lacking the means of payment for imported goods, Germany has turned to conquest of neighbors, as in the case of Denmark, to obtain the supplies it requires. So long as Germany controls the sources of supply of the materials its war effort requires, in the opinion of observers, it can finance its war effort—provided the Nazi regime's control over prices remains unbroken. But the German neighbors do not have all of the war materials which Germany needs for waging war, and unless the war can be won before the reserve supplies are exhausted, the miracle of finance of which German economic writers now like to boast will not avail to buy fresh supplies, it is felt here.

Exactly What Name Implies

Plastic Wood Is Just Simply Wood In Pliable Form

Plastic wood is both things that its name implies; it is wood and it is plastic, according to an article in the recent issue of C-I-L Oval. Only the wood from one type of tree is used in making of the C-I-L product and by a special process this wood is pulverized into a flour as fine as the flour a housewife uses. Following this pulverizing process the blending of wood flour and binder is done so exactly that the finished product has all the attributes of wood and is, to all intents and purposes, simply wood in pliable form. Wood is thus transformed into a soft, putty-like substance, kept a prisoner that way in an air-tight container until such time as man moulds it to his purpose and lets it harden into wood again.

Applicable To Times

The late Sir Henry Wilson had a famous saying which he never tired of passing on to his listeners. It is most applicable to these times, says the Winnipeg Free Press. Here it is: "Pessimism based on ignorance is the greatest danger. Pessimism based on knowledge is only a lesser danger than optimism based on ignorance. The best of all is optimism based on knowledge."

King Christian of Denmark is the world's tallest monarch. His height is 6 feet 6 inches.

2362

GERMANY'S DIFFICULT PRISONER

"No use asking me questions. . . I refuse to say a word until I've spoken with my lawyer. . . ."—Le Dimanche Illustre, Paris.

Rare Fur-Bearers Domesticated

Valuable Animals Can Now Be Raised Successfully In Captivity

Rare fur-bearing animals are being domesticated in Canada, according to a recent report of fur farms which reveals that during 1938 there were eleven marten farms and one fisher farm in operation. During the year 128 marten and 25 fisher were born on the farms, and it seems altogther probable that these figures will increase yearly, as indications are that these valuable fur-bearers can be raised successfully in captivity.

Previously, for many years, breeders had tried to raise the marten and fisher, only to be baffled by repeated failures. Undaunted the fur farmers kept trying, remembering that the domestication of the silver fox was accomplished only with great difficulty and after years of persistence. Now that strains of marten and fisher born in captivity have been established, the growth of another branch of the valuable fur industry may be expected.

Letters Are Returned

Five Invaded Countries Cannot Receive Mail From Canada

Postal authorities face a formidable task in returning to the senders thousands of letters addressed to countries now in a state of war or under Nazi domination. Norway, Denmark, Finland, Holland and Belgium can receive no mail from Canada.

Letters sent back to Canadians who wrote to Finland many weeks ago have been across the Atlantic and back again. Large amounts of mail, bound for Belgium and Holland will have to be returned.

Holland and Belgium have been added to the list since the German invasion. They will remain there until arrangements are made to send mail through some neutral intermediary.

Oyster-Eating Fish

Oyster-eating fish have been discovered along the Great Barrier Reef in Australia. A school of them visited an oyster bed and in a few hours left behind them a mass of crushed shell. They have no teeth, but crush the shell with their tough lips and swallow the oyster.

Censorship In Wartime

Only Used To Guard Against Giving Aid To Enemy

A Canadian newspaper publishes an unofficial report from London and adds this note: "Perhaps significantly, this despatch was passed through the censor intact."

Its comment indicates a common misunderstanding of the function of wartime censorship. J. A. McNeil, general manager of The Canadian Press, dealt with that very point when he said, in a recent report, that passage of an item by the censor did not guarantee its authenticity. The censorship, he added, was concerned only to guard against giving aid to the enemy, and might possibly find it advantageous to have inaccurate news given publication.

This is something readers should bear in mind when they study the war news. The official reports, British, French and Belgian, are the solid basis of information. They are supplemented by the despatches of correspondents from many points, and such despatches are read by the censors for anything which inadvertantly might reveal the Allies' intentions or endanger the Allies' plans. Beyond that the censors are not interested.

Mr. McNeil added that in the main censorship regulations in Canada were "quite reasonable and based on demonstrable necessity." Newspapers generally have recognized that this is true.—Ottawa Journal.

In The Same Class

The captain saw a young soldier trying to cook his breakfast over a badly made fire. He showed him how to make a quick-cooking fire, and said: "Look at the time you are wasting. When I was in the Himalayas I often had to hunt my breakfast. I used to go about two miles into the jungle shoot my food, skin or pluck it, then cook and eat it and return to camp under half an hour." Then he unwisely added: "Of course, you will have heard of the Himalayas?"

"Yes, sir," replied the soldier, "and also of Ananias and George Washington."

Creoles are not mulattoes, as many people imagine. They are descendants of white families, long settled in tropical climes.

Dish-Drying's A Picnic With These

Household Arts by Alice Brooks

These Bluebird Towels Are Easy to Embroider

COPR. 1940 HOUSEHOLD ARTS, INC.

PATTERN 6668

Bluebirds for happiness—and color in your kitchen, too! They're in quick stitchery, so make a set for the bazaar—it will sell like hot cakes! Pattern 6668 contains a transfer pattern of seven motifs averaging 5¾ x 7 inches; materials needed; color schemes; illustration of stitches.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

Daring Pilots Of Northern Air Trails Are Training Skilled Airmen For Allies

Prepared The Framework

General Von Seekt Organized Army Which Hitler Took Over

Much is heard these days of Hitler's army, Hitler's efficiency, Hitler's tactics. But the creator of the modern Germany army was not Adolf Hitler. He was Hans von Seekt.

Von Seekt, a World War general of brilliant capacities, was commander of the German reichswehr from 1920 to 1926. He had but one thought—to unite and organize the German people for war. Despite and in defiance of the Versailles Treaty, which the Allies never really enforced, he reorganized the general staff, turned the reichswehr into a vast school for officers and non-coms, and the shupo, or national police, into a school for military specialists of all sorts. Many times the number of men authorized by the treaty were trained and put into the reserves. Airplane pilots were trained partly in Russia, partly in gliders and commercial planes.

The army that Hitler inherited on taking power already consisted of over 500,000 men, mostly of the officer and noncom specialist type. For its size, it was probably the finest army that ever existed. All Hitler had to do was enlarge it, using it as the framework for the large national army he speedily created and equipped.

Nor did Hitler invent the blitzkrieg. Von Seekt invented it. Mechanized columns hitting with lightning violence at chosen points, and supported by airplanes, were a Von Seekt conception. The reichswehr, he wrote and taught as early as 1926, could go through Europe's raw conscript armies "like a knife through butter."

Even the conception of a militarized national economy such as Hitler put into effect in preparation for the conquest of Europe was foreseen and recommended in Von Seekt's book, "The Future of the German Empire."

Von Seekt died in 1936. Not long before that, Hitler recognized his debt to the old soldier by calling him publicly "the father of the German army." The two men, though they at times differed politically—Von Seekt being a Royalist—had much in common, and this especially, that both considered, in Von Seekt's words, that war is "man's highest achievement."—Chicago Daily News.

Queer Star Discovered

Astronomers Have Agreed It Is Not In Ordinary Class

Josef F. Johnson of Palomar Observatory at Pasadena, Calif., has discovered a mysterious object in a star system comparatively near our own.

When he first observed the object it was regarded as just another supernova, or exploding star, of which 12 have been found with the 18-inch Schmidt telescope at Mount Palomar.

Then astronomers at Mount Wilson turned the 100-inch telescope on it and to their surprise found it had a spectrum much like that of an ordinary star.

"We know it can't be an ordinary star," Dr. Rudolph L. Minkowski said, "because we coudln't see an ordinary star that far away."

It is about 6,000,000 light years, or 36,000,000,000,000,000,000 miles distant, which puts it among the nearer nebulae.

"The object never appeared on previous photographic plates of this star system, which pretty well places it in the class of an exploding star, suddenly flaring to a brightness several million times that of our sun," he explained.

"Its magnitude is that of an average supernova, but its spectrum is entirely different."

King Carol Is Designer

King Carol II., like Goering, designs uniforms. The sovereign has designed new costumes for nearly every uniformed person in Roumania. This is saying a great deal, for in the Balkans uniforms are numerous, highly colorful and of greater importance than in many other countries.

Frederick the Great despised the German language and ignored German writers, although he was king of Prussia.

The first baseball club to wear the uniform with short pants was the Cincinnati Reds in 1863.

As Canada's vast organization for turning out skilled airmen for the Allied crusade against Germany swings into stride, many men who pioneered the uncharted air trails of the Northwest Territories are finding their niche in the scheme.

But even before they actually took active assignments with the Royal Canadian Air Force and the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan these men had made a contribution to the Dominion's effectiveness in the air. By their exploits they instilled in Canadian youth a desire to fly.

To many of them it was routine business to fly mail and supplies or make a mercy trip into the hinterland through bad weather. Sky-riding around the rim of the Arctic they gathered experience and knowledge they could get nowhere else, but nevertheless of great value in any air service.

To-day some of these northern airmen are engaged imparting flying knowledge to youngsters enrolled in the R.C.A.F. Others are on coastal patrol work and still others, remaining civilians, are contributing their share as instructors.

Among those who have abandoned the bush lanes for the war effort are such veterans as Con Farrell, Stan McMillan, Harry Winny, Archie Van Hee, Tom Mahone, Jack Harriet and Wilf Cameron. North of the provinces those names are synonymous with service. They are of the brood that helped roll back the frontiers by taking into Canada's far reaches the necessities needed by on-the-ground pioneers.

One civilian bush pilot of some renown is Captain W. R. (Wop) May, Alberta superintendent of Canadian Airways Limited. He flew in the First Great War, and as an official of the Edmonton and Northern Alberta Aero Club is bringing along a new crop of war birds. His main concern is that youngsters should equip themselves with sufficient education for the now-complicated job of flying. Since he learned to fly the business has become more technical and intricate.

"Flying to-day is a complicated business, and a man has to have plenty of education to understand it," Captain May told The Canadian Press.

Since last September the Edmonton club, under an agreement with the Dominion Government, has been giving preliminary training to 10 men, and seven have been transferred to eastern Canada for more advanced instruction. This service is typical of the contributions of flying clubs across the country.

Back in 1928 Con Farrell started his northern flying. By the outbreak of the Second Great War he was chief pilot for Canadian Airways, and he enlisted in the R.C.A.F. and moved to the air force base at Trenton, Ont., to take a navigation course. Also at Trenton are McMillan, chief pilot of Mackenzie Air Service, and Winny, who, until he enlisted, flew for the Hudson's Bay Company. McMillan was lost for two months in the north in 1929, with the Col. C. D. H. MacAlpine party.

Van Hee, Mahone and Harriet are on R.C.A.F. coastal patrol duty, operating out of Vancouver, while Cameron, Doug. Gordon and Dick Gladden are in training at Camp Borden. Ian Innes-Taylor, a former member of the R.C.A.F., left his post with Mackenzie Air Service when war broke out and re-enlisted with the Air Force to serve as an instructor at Camp Borden.

In Edmonton, instructing at the Aero Club, are Maurice Burbidge and A. D. Kennedy and Captain James Bell, manager of the Edmonton Airport, which is now under jurisdiction of the Dominion Government. Still other northern flyers would be on R.C.A.F. service now, but before the war they joined Trans-Canada Air Lines, and in that essential service they are not available for war duty.

Slightly Out Of Place

Full of his own importance, the sergeant-major was addressing a batch of new recruits.

"Drill's important!" he said. "It develops the body. Look at me!" he added, with a smirk. "Not so long ago I was said to have the finest chest of any man in the British Army!"

"And now it's slipped!" sighed a voice from the back of the group.

The Japanese alphabet contains two sets of characters: One for the men, known as katanaka, and another for the women, known as hiranage.

TO BE RELIED ON

In long experience with United Grain Growers Limited in selling their grain and in buying farm supplies, not only shareholders but all farmer customers have learned that this is an organization that can be relied on.

Both the company's facilities and its purpose to give the best possible service to farmers are unsurpassed.

Deliver your grain to

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Elevators at: Irma Kinsella Viking

HOTEL York CALGARY

EXTRA LOW RATES 1.50

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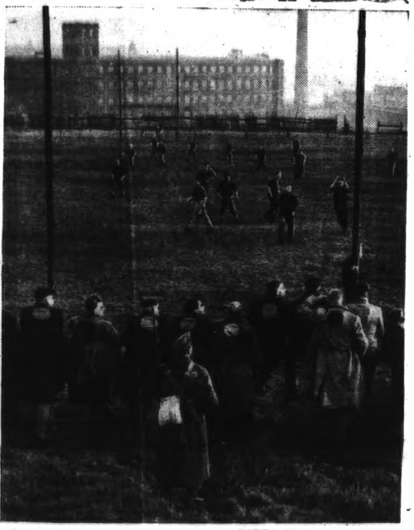


German Prisoners of War in England

A German prison camp somewhere in England. To identify the prisoners, each man has a large circular patch of brightly colored cloth on the knee and back of his clothes. Judging from this photograph, the Germans seem perfectly happy and contented.

War Victims Safe in Canada

—Canadian Pacific Photo.

Innocent victims of a war in which their fathers are playing a noble part, these youthful evacues from England arrived unaccompanied in Montreal after an uneventful journey by Canadian Pacific services. In Windsor Station, Montreal, the young Britons showed deep interest in the railway's War Memorial commemorating the death of Canadian Pacific soldiers of a generation ago—many of them fathers of the Canadian Pacific employes who are today bringing the youth of England safe by land and sea from the horrors of Hun air raids.

VIKING ITEMS

Bob McAthey was down from Edmonton last week and visited with friends for a few days. It is five years ago since Bob left Viking and noted quite a few changes.

J. C. Hennessy is visiting with friends and relatives in London and other Ontario points..

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Horton and children are having a holiday at Banff for a few days.

Miss Edna Rosen has accepted a position as stenographer in the Viking branch of the Bank of Montreal and began her duties on Monday.

A number of young friends and schoolmates of Miss Shirley Miller held a party in her honor at Viking Beach on Sunday evening. The young folks enjoyed themselves at games. During the lunch hour Miss Miller was presented with a suitable gift as a memento of the occasion from her schoolmates who will miss her in the class rooms this fall as she is leaving with her parents, Const. and Mrs. Miller to reside in Wainwright.

H. W. K. Hilliker was a business visitor in Edmonton on Monday.

Mrs. J. McCrae of Edmonton is a guest at the home of Mrs. Thunell.

The lucky winner of the hamper at the C.W.L. picnic was Mr. Sakolonko of Kinsella. The conveners wish to take this opportunity to thank Mr. Rozmahel and all those who contributed to the success of the picnic.

Visitors with friends at Fort Saskatchewan over the week-end were Archie Hardy, Dave Sheets Jr., and Maynard Runyon.

Mrs. J. G. Bremner arrived from Detroit, Michigan on Sunday morning and is visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. M. Harris southwest of town for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Hennessy, Miss Genevieve Hennessy, Mrs. Chas. Broughton, Miss Vivian Richards, Miss Mary Hoskins and Dick Gares formed a motor party that visited with Mr. and Mrs. A. Heffel near Alliance on Sunday. Mrs. Heffel is the former Miss Gladys Reishus.

Word has been received of the death of F. M. Rodger in Scotland. He was local manager of the U.G.G. elevator at this point about six years ago. He took an active part in Legion affairs and is a past-president of the Viking branch.

Mrs. H. W. K. Hilliker entertained at two tables of bridge at her home on fifth avenue on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. F. A. Miller who is leaving this week for her new home in Wainwright. Mrs. Miller has taken an active part in badminton tennis, the Anglican W.A. and dramatic societies during her residence in Viking, where she willed be greatly missed. Wishes for happiness in her new home at Wainwright were expressed at the luncheon period.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Brown have returned from a holiday spent at Lake Athabaska. Yes, Bill caught some fish but you should have seen the one that got away.

Dr. and Mrs. H. L. Caldwell are rejoicing over the arrival of a daughter (Joan Carol) born Sunday, July 28th.

Miss Mabel Ash is home for a few days from Edmonton.

The much postponed Kinsella sports will be held on the sports grounds, one mile south of Kinsella, on Wednesday, August 7th, commencing at 1 o'clock. All events formerly advertised to take place will be held. A bowery dance at night will top off the day's activities. Everybody wel-

There was a good enthusiastic turn out to the organization meeting for a local home guard unit held at the Elks hall Monday evening. After some preliminary explanation by Dr. Haworth and others, the meeting elected the following officers:

Platoon Commander, G. C. Haworth.

Aide to officer commanding, H. G. Thunell.

Sergeant Platoon No. 1, T. Primett.

Sergeant Platoon No. 2, J. Orton.

Sergeant Platoon No. 3, A. E. F. Cary.

Section leaders, E. Stiles, J. H. McLellan, H. A. Meredith, S. Lefsrud.

The platoon will meet for drill every Friday and Monday evening at 7:30 sharp on the grounds just south of the Elks hall. The O.C. and his officers put the vets and the new recruits through a short drill before dismissal. There were 42 present and more are sure to join the ranks. The organization is purely voluntary. The purpose is to acquaint every man with the rudiments of military drill, etc., and for home guard duty should the need arise.

A generous-sized shoe bag hung on the inside of the downstairs hall closet door can serve for storing many articles—caps, mittens, rubbers, small brooms, hat brushes, etc.

• • •

Your stockings will not ladder if you add a few drops of vinegar to the water when you wash them for the first time. It strengthens the weave.

Mildew can be avoided if damp articles are never placed in clothes hampers. Dry all clothing and household linen thoroughly. Don't let it collect in damp basements, dark closets or other spots that are likely to be damp.

Miss Jones Takes a Holiday

Racing over the sand—playing ducks and drakes with stones—she's the picture of health. Her bathing sandals match her suit—everything is just so. You see, Summer is a very important season for her.

She got her clothes at EATON'S—just like most of her friends. Swim suit, slippers, camera, skin lotion, all came by Mail, right out of the Catalogue! Her place is in the sun—she wants to be well dressed—so she chooses EATON'S!

T. EATON Co. LIMITED WINNIPEG CANADA

Britain's Sea Hawks

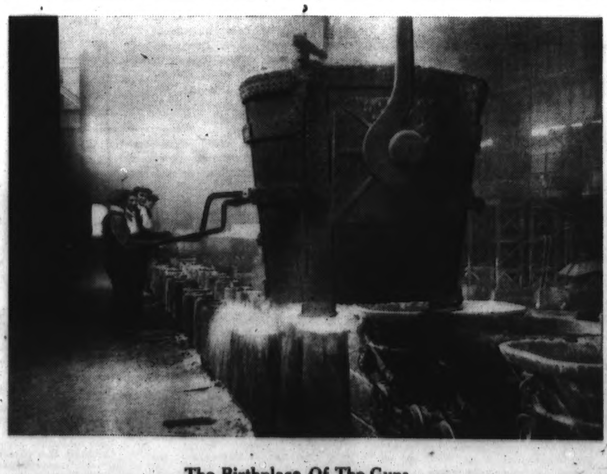
The British Royal Air Force flying boats are doing magnificent service and patrolling the coast of Britain by day and by night. Here is one of Britain's seaplanes taking off from a base.

Running Start

Hands interlocked, a pull and a run and the propeller swings into action. Picture from a British Royal Air Force training school of pupil pilots learning to start their aircraft.

Britain and Her Empire Guard the East

Mussolini, the Italian jackal, who hopes to feed upon the remains from Hitler's savage attacks, will have to fight for his dinner in the East. British and Empire troops—armed and ready like this trench mortar crew—have been waiting to see if the Italians can retreat as fast as they have done on previous occasions.



The Birthplace Of The Guns

Molten steel runs from a ladle into ingot moulds at a British steel foundry. Thus steel is born—to grow into guns for the defence of liberty by Britain.

NATIONAL STOCK TAKING NEEDS NATIONAL REGISTRATION

CANADA CALLS upon all her citizens, regardless of nationality, male and female, over 16 years of age, to register on August 19th, 20th, or 21st. Registration offices will be open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.

The object of this registration is to ascertain the human resources of the nation so that they may be mobilized to enable Canada to make her maximum effort in the defence of this country and towards the successful prosecution of the war.

Here are the questions you will be asked to answer. The card for women will be similar but subject to certain necessary variations. Study the questions carefully now so that you may be ready to give full and complete answers to the registration officer.

REGISTRATION DATES:- AUGUST 19th, 20th and 21st

DATE OF REGISTRATION: Month ___ Day ___ Year 1940 ELECTORAL DISTRICT No. ___ Name ___ POLLING DIVISION No. ___ Name, if any ___ CARD No. ___

1. Surname ___ (Print in block letters) Given Names ___
2. Permanent Postal Address (if away from usual residence when filling in card give name of usual residence) ___ Street and Number ___ Rural Route and Post Office ___ Town or City ___ Province ___
3. Age last birthday ___ Date of birth ___ Year ___ Month ___ Day ___
4. Conjugal conditions: Single ___ Married ___ Widowed ___ Divorced ___
5. Of what dependents (if any) are you the sole support:— (a) Father ___ (b) Mother ___ (c) Wife ___ (d) Number of children under 16 years ___ (e) Number of other dependents ___ (f) Do you contribute partial support to any one ___
6. Country of birth of (a) Yourself ___ Place ___ (b) Your father ___ Place ___ (c) Your mother ___ Place ___
7. Nationality or country of allegiance:—British subject (a) by birth? ___ (b) by naturalization? ___ (c) Foreign citizen? ___ (d) If naturalized, in what year? ___ (e) In what place? ___ (f) If not British subject, to what country do you owe allegiance? ___ (g) If an immigrant, in what year did you enter Canada? ___
8. Racial origin ___
9. Language or languages: (a) Do you speak English? ___ (b) French? ___ (c) What other language can you speak, read and write? ___
10. Education: (a) Primary only ___ (b) Primary and Secondary ___ (c) Vocational Training (Business College, Technical High School) ___ (d) College or University Degree? ___
11. Is your general health (a) good? ___ (b) fair? ___ (c) bad? ___ 12. If blind, deaf, dumb, crippled or otherwise physically disabled, state nature of disability ___ If permanently disabled, are you in receipt of a pension? ___ In respect of War Service? ___ Workmen's Compensation? ___ Old Age or Blind? ___ Other? (Specify) ___
13. Class of occupation: (a) Are you an employer of labour other than domestic? ___ If so, state business ___ (b) Are you working on own account, but not employing labour? ___ If so, state business ___ (c) Are you an employee? (1) working at usual occupation ___ (2) working at other than usual occupation ___ (3) unemployed ___ (d) Not working because pensioner, dependent, retired, independent means ___ (Specify)
14. Occupation or Craft:— Years of experience in (a) Present occupation? ___ (a) ___ (b) What is your regular occupation? ___ (b) ___ (c) What other work can you do well? ___ (c) ___ (d) If an employee, who is your present employer? Name ___ Address ___ Nature of business where employed? (state precisely) ___ (e) If experienced in a skilled industrial occupation or profession, describe specifically the type or types of work in which you are specially equipped by training or experience ___
15. Unemployment: (a) How many weeks did you work in the past 12 months? ___ (b) If out of work now, state number of weeks since last employed in any occupation other than work performed in return for direct relief ___ (c) Are you totally incapacitated for employment? ___
16. (a1) Were you brought up on a farm? ___ (a2) Until what age? ___ (b1) Have you worked on a farm? ___ (b2) How long ___ (b3) In what province or country ___ (c1) Can you handle horses? ___ (c2) Drive a tractor? ___ (c3) Use farm machinery? ___ (c4) Can you milk? ___ (c5) Are you able to do other farm work? ___
17. Is there any particular occupation in which you would like to be specially trained? ___
18. Defence Services: (1) Have you previously served in any Naval, Military or Air Forces? ___ If so, state: (a) Forces of what country ___ (b) Approximate dates between which services performed ___ (c) Unit ___ (d) Rank held ___ (2) If retired or discharged, give reasons therefor ___ (3) Have you been rejected for military service in the present war? ___ (a) Why? ___ (b) Where? ___

This is Your Opportunity to Help in The National Effort. To keep the cost of this registration at a minimum the Government is asking the co-operation of all public-minded citizens in the work of registration. You can help by getting in touch with your local registration officials and offering your services.

WHERE TO REGISTER

Registration offices are being set up by electoral districts in the same manner as in the last Dominion election.

Registrants are required to register in the regular polling subdivisions of their own constituencies. But should a registrant be in some other province or district out of the regular polling subdivision on Registration Days, he or she may register at any registration office convenient, upon satisfactory explanation to the local deputy registrar.

Your Registration Certificate

To every person answering the questionnaire fully and satisfactorily a certificate of registration will be issued by the local deputy registrar. This is a small card which must be carried on the person at all times.

Penalty for Non-Registration —Failure to register will make any male or female, married or single, over the age of 16 years, liable to a fine not exceeding Two hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding Three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment, and moreover to a further penalty not exceeding Ten dollars for each day, after the day upon which he should have registered, during which he shall continue to be unregistered.

Published under the authority of HON. JAMES G. GARDINER
Minister of National War Services

N-240

LIST ALBERTA MILITIA OFFICES FOR RECRUITING

19 Non-Permanent Active Units Available

A complete official list of 46 militia offices in Alberta where men may offer their services in 19 different non-permanent active militia units has just been issued by authorities of Military District 13 for the information of the public.

Following are the recruiting stations from which training will also be conducted:

15th Alberta Light Horse (armored cars), Calgary, Innisfail, Claresholm, Pincher Creek, Carstairs, Didsbury, High River, Hand Hills, Waterton.

19th Alberta Dragoons (armored cars) Edmonton, South Edmonton, Wainwright, Chauvin, Vegreville, Vermillion.

39th Field Battery Royal Canadian Artillery (artillery), Lethbridge.

93rd Field Battery R.C.A., Macleod.

112th Field Battery, R.C.A., Lethbridge.

95th Field Battery, R.C.A., Calgary.

96th Field Battery, R.C.A., Edmonton.

6th Army Field Park Company (engineers), Lethbridge.

13th District Signals (signals), Calgary.

13th District Signals, W.T. Section (signals) Edmonton.

Edmonton Fusiliers (machine gun), Edmonton, Wetaskiwin.

2nd Battalion Edmonton Regiment, (infantry), Edmonton.

2nd Battalion Calgary Highlanders (infantry), Calgary, Turner Valley, Okotoks, Banff, Canmore, High River.

Calgary Regiment (tanks), Calgary, Olds, Red Deer, Stettler.

South Alberta Regiment (infantry), Brooks, Medicine Hat, Redcliff.

2nd Corps Troops Royal Canadian Army Service Corps (Army Service Corps), Calgary.

17th Cavalry Field Ambulance (medical corps), Wetaskiwin.

6th Army Field Workshop (ordnance) Drumheller.

13th District Store Section (ordnance), Calgary.

For Groundwork

All of these units are non-permanent, to give groundwork military training. Information may be obtained from officers in charge at locations mentioned.

Men wishing to offer their services in the Canadian Active Service Force directly may apply at the following places for full information:

Garrison Commandant, Armories, Calgary; district recruiting office, Travellers Building, Calgary; all armories in the province; officers commanding any C.A.S.F. unit mobilizing; M.D. 13 headquarters in the Calgary post office building; assistant district recruiting officer, Lethbridge; Area Commandant, Edmonton.

COMPLETE PLANS FOR REGISTRATION OF ALL CANADIANS

Plans for the registration of all Canadians having reached the age of 16 years were made known by Hon. James G. Gardiner, minister of national war services, in the House of Commons. Necessary organization has been created. It is hoped that registration will be completed by the end of August.

Members of parliament have nominated registrars and deputy registrars in their constituencies, and they in turn will appoint deputy registrars in all polling sub-divisions. The deputy registrars will post notices of registration as soon as the dates are fixed and will secure registration booths.

All persons are required to attend registration booths on the given dates to answer questions (18 for men, 19 for women) put to them by the deputy registrars. Answers will be written on registration cards. In cases where a person is ill or incapacitated the deputy registrar may send an assistant to complete the registration at that person's home.

If a person fails to register, he or she will be punished by a fine of $200 or imprisonment for 3 months or both, with an additional penalty of $10 a day for each day elapsing between the close of registration and the person's registration or trial.

A fine of $100 is provided for refusal to answer any registration question; a fine of $200 or three months' imprisonment or both for giving misleading answers; and a fine of $200 and imprisonment for any person advising any citizen to refuse or omit to comply with the regulations or impeding any officer in carrying out the regulations.

All persons will be given registration certificates, which they will have to carry with them at all times. Penalties are provided for refusal or failure to produce certificates on demand.

PROMISE WEST 70-CENT WHEAT

Ottawa, July 24.—Continuation of the guaranteed basic 70-cent wheat price, Winnipeg Grain Exchange operation and present pegged prices, was announced by Trade Minister McKinnon today as he outlined the government's 1940 wheat policy to the House of Commons.

In addition to those basic features of last year's program the government is introducing added measures to meet the serious situation caused by disappearance of wheat markets through war.

Because of the prospective overflow supply, producers will be able to deliver to the wheat board immediately only a portion of their crop, a storage allowance being paid for the wheat stored on the farms.

Most revolutionary measure of the new program is a domestic wheat processing tax of 15 cents a bushel which will not only bolster the board's finances directly but also will help to restore prices, at least as far as domestic consumption is concerned.

This levy, effective immediately, applies to all existing contracts for future delivery of flour and other wheat products but should not, the minister said, require any change in the retail price of bread.

TALK ACREAGE BONUS

Eagerly awaited in recent days as the beginning of the new crop year, Aug. 1, approached, the minister's statement on wheat policy came after considerable debate on first reading of a new Prairie Farm Assistance Act altering much of the detail of the acreage bonus scheme for crop failure areas inaugurated last year.

ALL THREE ARE NECESSARY

A negro preacher walked into the office of a newspaper editor and said: "Mistah Editah, dey is forty-three in my congregation which subscribes fo' yo' papah. Do that entitle me to hab a church notice in you' Sat'day issue?'

"Sit down and write it out," invited the editor.

And this is the notice the parson wrote: "Mount Memorial Baptist Church. The Rev. John Walker, Pastor, preaching morning and evening in the promulgation of the Gospel. Three books is necessary, the Bible, the hymn-book and the pocket book. Come tomorrow and bring all three." —Russell County Banner, Russell Springs, Ky.

HOMEMAKING—A PROFESSION

When a woman answers "homemaker" to the census taker's question, does she realize how fortunate she is to belong to this most satisfying of professions? A woman working in her own home is the manager of her own time. There is no one in authority over her to tell her when and how she must do this or that part of her work. While the multiplicity of her duties as nurse, cook, janitress, seamstress, tutor, buyer and budget-maker seem staggering, she is accountable to no one for the way she plans and arranges her time. If she views the practical details of her job as the fascinating game that they are —a complicated set of chessmen that must be moved about with care and precision and foresight—the management of a household and family is as interesting a thing to work out as exists in any business or professional field. And that's the opinion of a bachelor editor, no less!—Northfield News.

"Any recruiting officer will tell you a pitiful story—the more pitiful because it is so true—of the absolute unfit condition of the would-be young recruits who have been subsisting for sometime on the dole in this country."—W B. Scott, K.C.

The World of Wheat

H. G. L. Strange

Dispatches from Ottawa inform us that owing to the lack of elevator space farmers will be required to store some grain for a time at least on their own farms. This means that elevator companies and farmers, too, will tend to "plug" or fill up their bins to the limit.

Almost every year, particularly since "combining" started, some farmers and some elevator companies have suffered severe losses because stored grain had become bin-burnt, which lowered the grade to "Rejected" and sometimes to no grade at all; this bin-burning being brought about because the grain was cut and threshed before it was thoroughly ripe, or because the grain contained unripened weed seeds.

The grain in "plugged" bins is difficult to examine or to "turn," and so it is more important than ever that grain for storage this year should be perfectly dry and free from weed seeds. It is evident, therefore, that farmers, particularly those who combine, should this year delay cutting their crops until the grain is thoroughly ripe. Special efforts, too, should be made to see to it that the screens of combines and of threshing machines are kept in proper working order so that weed seeds, which lower grade and take up valuable space, will be removed from the good grain.

RED CROSS HEADQUARTERS CLOSE FOR TWO WEEKS

In accordance with suggestion of headquarters, this depot will be closed from August 1 to August 17 inclusive and branches served from this depot are requested to withhold requisitions and shipments during that period.

For all who have been working so hard, this will provide a well earned respite, in anticipation of the heavy demands of the coming fall.

A few cloves added to vegetable soup will give it a delicious flavor.

Here is an old fashioned rule for picking a wife that may be of some help to our young men when they get time to consider this unimportant subject: "If she peels the potato, cutting thick rinds, she is extravagant. If she leaves the eyes she is lazy. If she uses a great deal of fat in cooking, she is greedy, and if she allows it to burn, she is negligent."

Must Be Well Shod

There Is Nothing Like Leather For Our Army's Boots

The output of Canadian shoe factories has been stepped up to such an extent that now, every week 30,000 pairs of solid leather boots for the Army, the Navy and the Air Force are delivered to the Department of National Defence.

The exigencies of modern warfare have not eliminated marching. The Canadian soldier, in order to stand up under rigid drilling, while in training, and more strenuous footwork in the lines of battle, must be well shod. Each pair of these 30,000 manufactured every week for the armed forces has passed rigid tests. Whether he was a miner, a surveyor or a farmer, the recruit is issued with a pair of boots as strong as he ever wore.

A plant visited in Montreal is typical of shoe factories in the Dominion which are working feverishly to look after the needs of the army. There, as in other plants, the faint tap, tap, tap, of the ancient cobbler has become a roaring hum of numerous machines, each doing its job at lightning speed. The maximum output of this factory is 600 pairs of boots a day. It employs 350 workers, 40 per cent. of whom are women. To date, it has delivered 55,000 pairs to the Department of Defence.

In huge work rooms the infantryman's heavy boots are born of sheets of solid cowhide leather. The casing is solidly nailed and bound to a sole half an inch thick, reinforced with steel blades. Brass tacks are sunk into the sole and the heel. The latter is finished off with a solid steel plate. The Canadian tar's boot varies little from the army's. Hooks supplement lace holes. A waterproof tongue and waterproof canvas inlay adapts it to Navy conditions. The airman's shoe is lighter, being made of calf leather instead of cowhide. The sole has no steel reinforcement and the heel is of rubber.

These shoes are of thoroughbred stock; bearing the Government stamp of approval. They will prove superior to any Ersatz product the Germans can paste together.

Protection Of Game Animals

Regular Patrols Carried Out In Prince Albert National Park

Wild life is thriving in Prince Albert National Park, Saskatchewan, according to observations made by the park warden service during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1940. All species of animals appear to be in a healthy condition, with many of the smaller kinds, particularly rabbit, squirrel, muskrat, beaver, and weasel, showing notable increases in numbers. Big game animals observed in the park during the year included elk, moose, deer, caribou, and bears. Other species noted were badger, coyote, fox, mink, otter, porcupine, skunk, wolf, and lynx.

The conservation and protection of the wild life in the park continued to be one of the primary functions of the warden service, which carried out regular patrols to ensure the protection of the game animals and to collect information concerning the number and condition of the wild life population. Control measures included the snaring of wolves and coyotes, and the trapping of a number of bears which because of their mischievous habits had become a nuisance in the vicinity of Waskesiu, the park townsite. These latter animals were released in other localities.

The amazing feat of putting an untamed wolf into dog-team service was reported by one of the wardens. While making his patrols by dog-aled last winter, this warden came across a female wolf caught in a snare, and as the going was rather heavy for his four dogs he decided to draft the services of the wolf. With some difficulty he muzzled the animal and hitched her with the dogs, and continued the journey despite the wolf's protests and attempts to bolt. On reaching his cabin that evening, the warden chained the wolf up and gave her the same food as the dogs. She soon became reconciled to her new role, and was driven with the dogs on a number of patrols.

Record For Pitched Ball

Atley Donald, a New York Yankee pitcher, threw a pitched ball at the rate of 139 feet a second in the Cleveland Stadium, August 30, 1939. It was the fastest throw ever recorded.

Shows For Munition Workers

To make night work more attractive and step up production, one big Midlands munitions plant announced it would stage cabaret shows during the employee's midnight lunch hour.

American robins have been introduced successfully into England.

Structural Steel Workers

Scores Of Canadian Indians Follow This Occupation In New York

Since New York is always a city of surprises, it should surprise no one to learn that there are about three hundred North American Indians living here. They are all of Iroquoian stock, mostly Mohawks, settled in Brooklyn and the Bronx. They are not American citizens but members of the Six Nations, many of them from the Caughnawaga reservation in Canada. They are permitted to enter freely without immigration restrictions, and while they are here they are treated as wards of the government. But this form of guardianship is not entirely satisfactory to them. It was their petition to Congress for a change in the relief law, to permit them to work on PWA projects, now closed to all but citizens, that revealed to most of us their presence here.

It is impossible not to be at least a little surprised at the trades they follow. Nearly all the men are qualified structural steel and iron workers, which is certainly a long way from aboriginal pursuits. Indeed, they are said to have a special aptitude for this work, a lack of any sense of height or fear of falling. Their agent here informs us that any of them can walk a steel beam sixty stories in the air as casually as most of us would saunter along Broadway. Mitchell Deer, a Mohawk steel worker, explains, "Indians, they rather be up. Like to work on top." A worthy but dizzy ambition.

It would be interesting to know how these Indians became steel workers in the first place. Apparently they have been at it for at least three generations. Bands of Iroquois steel workers are scattered in several other cities in the State.

If structural steel work requires superior physical co-ordination, the Iroquois stock has it. They are a superior race in many ways. It was largely through an alliance with them that the English colonists maintained themselves on this continent. The Algonquins were supporters of the French, but the Iroquois backed the English. Indeed, it has been said that the English alliance with the Iroquois is the chief fact of American history down to 1763.—New York Times.

One Great Difference

Britain Improves Colonies For People But Germany Never Has

A correspondent of a Detroit paper remarks that he has found the Germans, prior to this war, grabbed 259,000 square miles of territory, so that makes him anti-Nazi. But the French, he said, grabbed 5,356,000 square miles and that makes him anti-French. And the British helped themselves to 13,157,000 miles and so that makes him anti-British. So his conclusion is that makes him anti the United States entering the war.

The gentleman's figures are open to challenge, because the German colonial empire before the last war was over 1,000,000 square miles, and his figure for the British "grab" includes the entire Empire, most of which is not grabbed at all but self-governing, such as Canada, Australia, New Zealand and the Union of South Africa, while other parts, such as India, have limited autonomy. And a great deal of the British Empire was not won by conquest at all but by the right of discovery, and sometimes by request of the native peoples who wanted what might now be called "protective occupation."

But the real point of difference between British and German colonial administration is what the respective governments did with the lands. Britain has never taken over any country without improving the lot of the people immeasurably and raising their social and economic status. Germany's method was almost surely exploitation for the benefit of the Reich, and not long before the last war there was a nauseating revelation of how African natives were beaten, tortured and even killed, their homes and villages destroyed, because they were not producing raw materials fast enough to satisfy their masters.

That is something to be considered in deciding whether a neutral should be anti-British.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

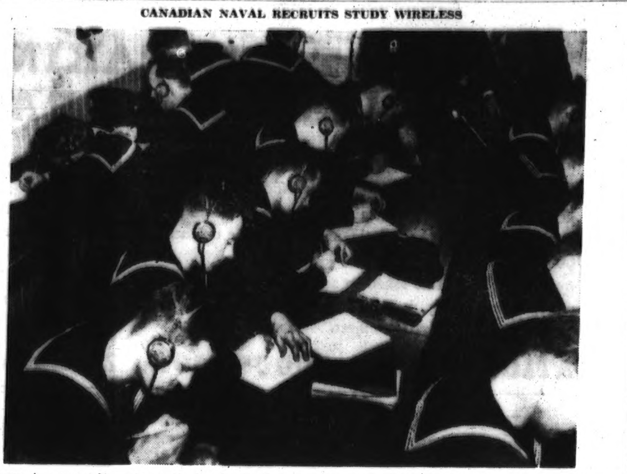
Gift From India

The Nizam of Hyderabad has offered the Marquess of Linlithgow, Viceroy of India, a gift of £50,000 ($222,500) to maintain the Royal Air Force Hyderabad squadron.

To protect his moustache, measuring 17 inches from tip to tip, during the blackout, Harry Williams of Margate, England, ties the ends together with white tape.

2362

CANADIAN NAVAL RECRUITS STUDY WIRELESS



A scene in a naval barracks on the Pacific Coast as a group of Canadian naval recruits become proficient in wireless before being detailed to active service in the R.C.N.

Praise For Potatoes

British Doctor Says That Starches Do Not Make You Fat

Latest contributor to the "starches don't make you fat" controversy which pops up at odd intervals, is Dr. J. C. Drummond, scientific adviser to the ministry of food in war-time Britain.

Dr. Drummond claims that starch is no more fat-making than butter and that it is only over-eating that puts weight on the average person. The ministry of food has prepared a diet chart which includes potatoes, bread and other starchy foods. Those who cut out starches as a slimming diet are removing a valuable source of energy that ought to be included in their daily food.

"Very foolish," is Dr. Drummond's comment on this habit. "People who are too fat can usually, unless there is some glandular disturbance, get slim by the simple expedient of eating less of everything. Many slim women of to-day are healthier because they eat less of everything. They have light salad lunches, for instance. Those who never eat potatoes may get slim, just because they are eating less than usual. But they will not be healthy."

Dr. Drummond is a man with plenty of courage. When a woman gets an idea into her head it usually sticks there no matter what. And the idea most of the "not-so-slim" women have is that potatoes do make fat. But for the minority who have a weakness for such starchy foods it's a mighty comforting thought.

Yorkshire Folk Thrifty

The Yorkshire folk, like the Scots, waste nothing. A man was seen coming out of a house with a kettle. "Hello!" said a friend. "I thowt tha'd removed from yon house?"

"Aye," said the other, "we removed last neet, but t' penny weren't done in t' gas, so Ah've bin boilin' t' kettle theer."

Bonds Income Tax-Free

Certificates of $5 and multiple thereof now offered the Canadian public to help finance the Canadian War Effort will be free of income tax, as they bear no interest.

The normal weight of a hen's egg is a little more than two ounces.

Sedan Is Historic Town

Has Been Scene Of Decisive Battles In The Past

Sedan, a town 146 miles northeast of Paris said to have been reached by the Nazis, was the scene of the climatic fight of the Franco-Prussian war in 1870, in which the French troops of Napoleon III. were crushed. It brought about the fall of the Second Empire.

And then, in the Great War, the Germans advancing toward Paris entered Sedan Aug. 25, 1914, and held it four years. It fell into the hands of the Allies Nov. 6, 1918, after an attack by the French and U.S. Rainbow division.

The old city probably gave its name to the Sedan automobile. Sedan chairs, easy riding conveyances which carried the gentry on peasant shoulders in the 18th century, were first made in Sedan, legend has it.

The town has a population of around 18,000. Industries are cotton mills, coal and iron mines.

Hard On Dutch Farmers

Salt Water Flooding Makes Land Unproductive For Many Years

The Dutch flooded a great part of their country with salt water, so that crops will be unproductive in this section for several years. This country has increased wheat production from around 5,000,000 bushels in 1914 to 13,000,000 bushels now and rye production from 12,000,000 to 23,000,000 bushels. The per capita consumption is now 4.3 bushels and the population 8,640,000.

Graded Eggs

There are two sound reasons why the Dominion Department of Agriculture has shown so much concern and zeal about graded or quality eggs. First, it was felt that the government has a responsibility in seeing that the public obtains pure and good food. Second, insisting that eggs are marketed according to quality, the farmer will get the benefit of greater returns and the poultry industry will be improved.

Message From Italy

In a business letter from Italy an English firm found a rolled-up slip of paper with a message in Italian of which the English translation is "Go Ahead British—Hit Very Hard."

A Reasonable Definition

Term "Boche" Is Short For French Word Meaning Blockhead

A reader has been wondering how "Boche" came to be a name for a German, a speculation which in itself recalls the story of the inquirer who asked: "Why are the Germans called 'Boches'?" only to receive the shattering but somehow conclusive answer, "Well, what else could you call them?"

Actually, in French soldiers' slang of the last war "Boche" was a shortening of "Alboche," which presumably had some connection with "Allemand". The "boche" part of the longer word is said to be a shortening of "caboche", which means a head or noddle. In that case an "Alboche" would be a German noddle, another name, perhaps, for a square-head. One work says that a "tete de boche" is a blockhead, but some French dictionaries do not mention that term. In France during the last war one could sometimes hear the longer form of "Alboche" used, but the form "Boche" was long ago firmly established.

It is not a complimentary term and should not be used in conversation with, for example, Von Ribbentrop, though by all accounts he seems to be an almost classical example of the "tete de boche".—Manchester Guardian.

Level Crossings

That engineer who suggests that if motorists could ride in the cab of a locomotive just once as part of their tests, there would be fewer level crossing accidents is undoubtedly correct. Almost daily the men at the throttle go through mental agonies produced by the recklessness and foolhardiness of drivers approaching level crossings, not all of whom get across ahead of the train.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Energy From Solar Heat

More energy from solar heat could be obtained in New Mexico alone than comes from all the coal, oil and water consumed in the United States annually for generating heat, light, and power.

Fowey, favorite Cornish holiday resort, once was a big port and provided more ships for the navy of King Edward III. than did London.

THE SAFEST PLACES ON THE SEA

Guarded by the British Navy, a convoy of merchantmen in the North Sea. Their captains know that figures prove "in convoy" is the safest place on the seas to-day

Must Be Curbed

Activities Of Enemy Sympathizers Cannot Be Defended During War

If Britain follows the example of France and outlaws the Communist party, it will cut the ground from under the feet of Canadian pinks who have constantly defended the right of Communists to carry on their destructive work and who have cited the example of England and the freedom of Hyde Park as though that settled the question. Whether or not England goes as far as France in dealing with the menace, it appears that the license which has been allowed Nazi and Fascist sympathizers in the public parks is to come to an end. The Minister of Home Defence has intimated his intention to curb all "fifth column" activities which bore from within. "The war," he said, "must be waged with all our strength."

When a country is engaged in a life and death struggle, it is impossible to defend the activities of those whose purpose it is to create confusion and hamper the national effort. Enemies within the state must not be permitted to do the work of the enemy without.

There is in the attitude which denies freedom to subversive elements nothing more repugnant to the rights and liberties of citizens than there is in the denial of freedom to cut-throats and bandits. Freedom of speech would be no more affected by a curbing of subversive utterances than it is by the law which punishes slander or obscenity. It is not necessary to suppose that there would be any tendency to suppress criticism of which the purpose was to expedite the war effort.

When a country is engaged in war, it cannot afford to be tender of the supposed rights of those whose activities are directed towards the hamstringing of the national war effort. That is only logical since, unless the war is won, all rights would be jeopardized in the general catastrophe.—Toronto Evening Telegram.

Gift To Be Cherished

Canada's Lieutenant-Governors To Have Picture Of Queen Elizabeth

Pictures of Queen Elizabeth taken at the time of last year's royal visit by Major Harry A. Hurd of the Salvation Army, Saskatoon, have been accepted by members of the royal family and will be offered to the lieutenant-governors of the nine provinces of Canada.

Major Hurd was stationed at St. John's, Newfoundland, last year, when the King and Queen visited that city on June 17. With an ordinary box camera, Major Hurd snapped the picture of the Queen which has since found favor with Their Majesties.

The picture was finished in several different ways and six of them, all different, were sent to Great Britain. One each was sent to the King and Queen, one each to the two princesses, one to Queen Mary and one to Lord Strathmore, father of the Queen. The Queen also autographed one and sent it back to Major Hurd.

Since then, one has been presented to Prime Minister King and one to Hon. J. L. Ralston, a personal friend of Major Hurd. Others will be offered to the lieutenants-governor of the Canadian provinces and later, one will be offered to the governor-general.

Major Hurd is now stationed in Saskatoon, where he is head of the public relations department of the Salvation Army for northern Saskatchewan. He was introduced to Lieutenant-Governor McNab by Adjutant L. Carswell, who has charge of public relations for the Salvation Army for southern Saskatchewan.

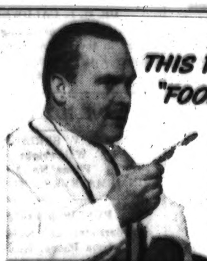
Live Up To Notice

Few Questions Stump Canadian Y.M.C.A. Information Bureau At Waterloo Station

Maybe the women at the Canadian Y.M.C.A. information bureau at Waterloo station in London don't know all the answers but Mrs. K. D. Moore and her staff make a pretty good effort to justify the slogan, "Ask us anything," which appears on a notice board.

Since January they have answered more than 27,500 questions ranging from how to find a long-lost relative to what sort of program was on at "the Piccadilly Circus". The newly arrived Canadian soldier who asked that question got the famous "hub" of London mixed. At least he said he had heard "it was a very good show."

"A Polish soldier asked in his own language a question I could not understand," Mrs. Moore explained. "Then he said, 'Museum—my pal he see Hitler, Goering, Goebbels.' I sent him to Madame Tussauds."



THIS FAMOUS WHOLE WHEAT CEREAL IS "FOOD FOR HEALTH IN PEACE AND WAR"

The authoritative booklet prepared by the Canadian Medical Association, recommends "whole grain cereals" as one of the essential "protective" foods that you should eat every day. Shredded Wheat is a "whole grain cereal"—it is 100% pure whole wheat in its most palatable form. Two Shredded Wheat with milk and fruit contain no less than *eight* vital food values: Three Vitamins (A, B_1 and C), Iron, Calcium, Phosphorus, Proteins and Carbohydrates. . . . Give your family this "protective" *whole wheat* cereal daily. It's mighty good to taste — and costs only a few cents a serving.

THE CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT COMPANY, LTD., Niagara Falls, Canada

MADE IN CANADA—OF CANADIAN WHEAT

The Park Lane Mystery

By Edgar Wallace

Copyright, by Edgar Wallace. Serialized by Ledger Syndicate.

CHAPTER XI.

"Hullo!—yes, Jackson * * * oh, is that you? Speaking from a call box, I hope? Good! Yes, everything is O.K. * * * Yes, I've heard him—but only on the wireless. I shall have to go to a meeting. He's a good speaker? Huh! So am I! A spellbinder—you can laugh! I've had four thousand persons cheering for two minutes. Don't worry * * * no, thanks, I have all the money I need."

The receiver thudded down upon the hook and presently the lights went out and the lumber room door closed.

A spellbinder? Who was to be bound by the eloquence of Mr. Arthur Ingle?

He waited until he heard the projector clicking again, and then, tiptoeing across the room, reached the passage. He was sorely tempted to take one peep at the cinematograph performance, but obviously he could only do this with the certainty that he would be seen, and Jim had all a detective's horror of a "police persecution" charge.

He turned his flashlight on the table. There might be something here which would give him a clue. He saw a fat envelope bearing the name of the Cunard Company. This had not been opened, but he could guess its contents. Mr. Ingle contemplated a visit to the United States—or Canada perhaps.

The turning of the projector ceased. He passed quickly to the hall, opened the door and closed it quietly after him. The elevator was ascending as he went down, and he was spared an explanation of his surprising presence. He found the patient Elk flapping his hands to keep warm and puffing at the last few centimeters of his cigar.

Fortunately Jim's club was within a quarter of an hour's walk, and as they crossed the park Elk asked:

"You got into old man Ingle's flat, didn't you?"

"Looks like it."

"What's thrillin' him, Mary or Doug?" asked Elk. "I hate admittin' it, but the cinema's my favorite sleepin' place. Or was he runnin' through the Topicals?"

"I'd give a lot to know," said Jim, and repeated the conversation he had overheard.

"Never know whether Arthur's red because he's wild or wild because he's red," mused Elk. "He's a bit of a dilly—what's the word?—dillytanty, that's it. There's quite a lot of genuine Reds, but a whole lot of people who hang on in the hope that one of the comrades will break a jeweler's window so that they can get away with the doin's. Most people are red, if they only knew it. Take the feller that keeps beehives. He just waits for the old capitalist bee to pile up his honey reserves and then he comes down on his bank roll. * * *"

He philosophized thus all the way across the park.

"I am almost at the end of my theories. What is yours, Elk?"

"Beer," said Elk absently, as they mounted the steps of the club.

"Looks like he's gettin' ready for a quick-money stunt," said Elk as they made their way to the coffee room. "But, Lord, you can never follow the minds of people like Ingle! And he's an actor, too. That makes him more skittish. As likely as not he's goin' to give lectures on 'My Five Years of Hell.' They all do it."

Jim shook his head helplessly.

"I don't know what to make of that picture craze of his."

"Decadence," said Elk laconically. "All these birds go wrong some way or other, I tell you."

The waiter was hovering at their elbow.

"Beer," said Elk emphatically.

It was a bitterly cold night, and in spite of the briskness of their walk, Jim had been glad to get into the comfort of his club. He had no intention of returning to Scotland Yard that night and was, in fact, parting with Elk at the door that looks out upon Pall Mall when the club porter called him. There was an urgent message for him and, going into the booth, he spoke to one of the chief inspectors.

"I have been trying to get you all the evening," said the officer. "One of the park keepers has found the place where he thinks Mrs. Gibbins was thrown into the canal. I'm on the phone to him. He suggests you should meet him outside the Zoological Society's office."

"Tell him that I'll come right along," said Jim quickly and, returning to Elk, conveyed gist of the message.

"Can't these amacher detectives find things in the Lord's bright sunlight?" asked Elk bitterly. "Half-past 9 and freezing like the devil! What a time to go snooping round canals!"

Yet he insisted upon going along with his companion.

"You might miss something," he grumbled as the draughty taxi moved northward. "You ain't got my power of observation and deduction. Anyway, I'll bet we're wasting our time. They'll show us the hole in the water where she went in, most likely."

"The canal is frozen," Jim smiled. "In fact, it's been frozen since the day after the body was found."

Mr. Elk growled something under his breath; whether it was an uncomplimentary reference to the weather or to the tardiness of park keepers Jim did not gather.

It was not a keeper but an inspector who was waiting for them outside the Zoological offices. The discovery had been made that afternoon, but the keeper had not reported the matter until late in the evening. He took a seat in their taxi and under his direction they drove back some distance to the place where a bridge crosses the canal to Avenue road. Here the Circle roadway is separated from the canal by a fifty-foot stretch of grass land and trees. This verge in summer affords a playing ground for children, and has from their point of view the attraction of dipping down in a steep slope to the banks of the canal, which, however, is separated from the park by a row of wooden palings wired to form an unclimbable fence. The playground is reached from the road by a broad iron gate running parallel with the bridge, and this, explained the park inspector, was locked at nights.

"Occasionally somebody forgets," he said, "and I remember having it reported to me on the night after this woman's disappearance that the gates were found open in the morning."

He led the way cautiously down the steep declivity toward the fence which runs by the canal bank. Here is a rough path, and along this they trudged over ground frozen hard.

"One of our keepers had to make an inspection of the fence this afternoon," the officer went on, "and we found that the palings had been wrenched from one of the supporting posts. Afterward somebody must have put them up again, and did the job so well that we have never noticed the break."

They had now reached the spot, and a powerful light thrown along the fence revealed the extent of the damage. A wire strand and one of the palings had been broken, and the officer had only to push lightly at the fence to send it sagging drunkenly toward the canal. He put his foot upon it, and with a creak it lay over so that he could have walked without any difficulty on to the canal bank.

"Our man thought that the damage had been done by boys, until he saw the hat."

"Which hat?" Jim asked him quickly.

"I left it here for you to see, exactly as he found it."

The superintendent's light traveled along a bush, and presently focused upon a crushed brown object, which had been caught between two branches of the bush. Jim loosened the pitiable relic, a brown felt hat, stained and cut about the crown. It might easily, he saw, have been dragged off in a struggle, and against the autumnal coloring of the undergrowth would have escaped notice.

"Here is another thing," said the park officer. "Do you see that? It was the first thing I looked for, but I have no doubt that you gentlemen will understand better than I what it signifies."

It was the impress of a heel in the frozen ground. By its side a queer, flat footmark, criss-crossed with innumerable lines.

"Somebody who wore rubbers," said Elk, going down on his knees. "There has been a struggle here. Look at the sideways thrust of that heel! And——"

"What is this?" asked Jim sharply.

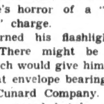
His lamp was concentrated upon a tiny frozen puddle, and Elk looked but could see nothing but its gray-white surface. Kneeling, Jim took a knife from his pocket and began to scrape the ice; and now his companion saw what had attracted his attention: a piece of paper. It was an envelope which had been crushed into the mud. When he got the frozen object into the light it was frozen to the shape of the heel that had trodden upon it. Gently he scraped away the mud and ice until two lines were legible. The first was at the top left-hand corner and was heavily underlined:

BY HAND: URGENT

Only one line of the address was legible, but the word "Harlow" was very distinct.

(To Be Continued)

OVERSEAS



$2.50 SENDS 1,000 "BRITISH CONSOLS" "EXPORT" or "LEGION" Cigarettes to any single Military Address Overseas

Mail Order and Remittance to:— OVERSEAS DEPARTMENT W. L. MACKENZIE & CO., LTD. 141 Bannatyne Ave. East Winnipeg, Man.

This offer subject to any change in Government Regulations

SEND THE BOYS THE BEST

TIRED FEET FIND INSTANT EASE WHEN YOU RUB IN

MINARD'S GREAT CANADIAN RUBBING LINIMENT

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

FEMALE PAIN

Women who suffer painful, irregular periods with nervous, moody spells due to functional cause should find Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound *simply marvelous* to relieve such distress. Pinkham's Compound is made *especially* to help weak, tired women to go smiling thru difficult days. Over 1,000,000 women have reported amazing benefits. WELL WORTH TRYING!

STOP the ITCH of Insect Bites—Heat Rash

For quick relief from itching of insect bites, heat rash, athlete's foot, eczema and other externally caused skin troubles, use world-famous, cooling, antiseptic, liquid D. D. D. Prescription. Greaseless, stainless. Soothes irritation and quickly stops intense itching. 35c trial bottle proves it, or money back. Ask your druggist today for D. D. D. PRESCRIPTION.

Derpo Bug Killer, 85c.

Exterminates bedbugs, moths, cockroaches, crickets, fleas, lice, ticks. At Eatons, Simpsons, local dealers or Derpo Products, Toronto.

Technical Agriculture

Canadian Agriculture Needs Scientific Aid And Leadership

Canadian agriculture has many difficult problems to deal with in the next few years, said Dr. J. M. Swaine, Director, Science Service, Dominion Department of Agriculture, in a recent address. It needs leadership and guidance, and for this it must depend in large part upon scientific-technical agriculture. There is an opportunity now for technical agriculture to give leadership in:

A more complete provision for producing and marketing agricultural products to meet the requirements of Canadian consumers; the production of agricultural products for Great Britain and allies in so far as their needs can be foreseen; the maintenance of a production level from which any required increase could be made to supply the needs of Britain and the allies; the maintenance of the productive capacity of Canadian soils; the maintenance of a proper agricultural stability, without unnecessary surpluses or shortages, that will enable the proper adjustments to be made to meet post war conditions.

Women Outnumber Men

In most countries, even before the outbreak of war, the women outnumbered men, according to statistics compiled in London early in 1940. For every 1,000 men there were 1,088 women in Britain, 1,071 in France, 1,058 in Germany, 1,103 in Russia, 1,097 in Portugal and 1,139 in Estonia. In the United States for every 1,000 men there were only 976 women.

Fancy Knitting

Louis E. Worden, a stationary engineer of Middlebury, Vermont, delights in doing a bit of knitting. His latest creation is a miniature locomotive, fashioned in yarn and complete in every detail except that it has no bell.

About 8,540,000 men lost their lives in the first world war.

2369

The Earl Of Athlone

Pays Visits To The Air Force At Rockcliffe Air Station

The Earl of Athlone has paid formal calls at Ottawa on the chiefs of the Canadian fighting forces, but it's the air force men at Rockcliffe air station who really know him. As one flying man there put it, the governor-general is a regular guy.

The earl found a good bridle path from Rideau Hall grounds to Rockcliffe airdrome where surrounding fields are splendid for his morning canter.

When the governor-general galloped across the fields for the first time, the flying officer ordered him to stop and informed him such incursions were not permitted unless authorized.

His Excellency, somewhat taken back by this young man, leaned down from his horse and said: "But I'm Athlone."

"I know sir," replied the officer. "But you still are not allowed in this area without permission."

So the commander-in-chief of the Canadian forces rode to the airport entrance.

In the meantime, the flying officer excitedly telephoned a wing commander of the incident. The wing commander bundled into his uniform and rushed to greet His Excellency.

Then in the small guardhouse full authority was written out for the earl to take his daily ride over the air station grounds and he accepted an invitation to breakfast in the officers' mess.

HOME SERVICE

CARELESS SPEECH CAN BE A BAD SOCIAL HANDICAP

Weed Out Telltale Errors

A pair you often see—the husband getting ahead, making friends with smart people, and the wife who can't keep in step. Her careless speech is such a drawback!

"Who was that PARTY you spoke to? Why DON'T he stop so AS I can meet him?" she inquires. Of course his cultured friends would raise their eyebrows at such errors. They say correctly "That PERSON . . . Why DOESN'T he stop so THAT I can meet him?"

People who are meticulous about their speech notice your mistakes and criticize you for them. Do you pronounce "clique" KLICK, "finance" FY-nance? You'll find it's correct KLEEK, fi-NANCE.

It's easy to make such little corrections, acquire a delightful speech. And you can boost your fame as a conversationalist, by learning clever ways to say things—"whispering taffeta," "stentorian tones", "blistering heat."

Make your speech a social asset. Our 32-page booklet explains words often misused, gives English and pronunciation errors with the right forms. Advises on slang to avoid, tells how to enlarge your vocabulary. A guide to charming speech.

Send 15c in coins for your copy of "How To Improve Your Vocabulary" to Home Service Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

The following booklets are also available at 15c each:

114—"Good Letter-Writing Made Easy".
129—"The Meaning of Dreams".
146—"Home Course in New Ballroom Dances".
164—Party Games for All Occasions".
167—"Popular, Cowboy Songs".
184—"Develop Correct Tennis Form".

A New Antiseptic

Zephiran Has Quicker Effect On Some Germs Than Iodine

Efficacious is iodine, which will destroy all but five per cent. of the germs with which it comes in contact within a minute of application. But a relatively new antiseptic invented by a German chemist, Gerhardt Domagk, (who'd have got the 1939 Nobel prize in physiological medicine if Hitler hadn't mixed it) has an even quicker effect on a greater percentage of germs. It's called zephiran.

No Moral Power

The Duke of Guise, Orleans claimant to the French throne, hopes to be restored by the Petain dictatorship. Who could be more completely impotent than a "king" under a French dictatorship under a German dictatorship?

Chanteceler Only 5c Slow Burning CIGARETTE PAPERS NONE FINER MADE DOUBLE AUTOMATIC BOOKLET

GEMS OF THOUGHT

HOPE

Hope is like the sky at night: there is no corner so dark but that a persevering eye will discover a star.—Octave Feuillet.

For age is opportunity, no less
Than youth itself, though in another dress;
And as the evening twilight fades away
The sky is filled with stars invisible by day.—Longfellow.

Human hope and faith should join in nature's grand harmony, and, if on minor key, make music in the heart.—Mary Baker Eddy.

Look, what thy soul holds dear, imagine it
To lie that way thou go'st, not whence thou com'st.
—Shakespeare.

Keep your face to the sunshine, and you cannot see the shadow.—Helen Keller.

Our joys shall always last;
For hope shall brighten days to come,
And memory gild the past!
—Thomas Moore.

Used To Being Careful

Youthful English Visitors Spread Butter And Jam Thin

Conditions in Britain and Canada differ widely, judging by the conversation and conduct of the youthful newcomers from abroad, now enjoying Canadian hospitality and safety.

Two small visitors waited for their host at the street side. "Hello, England," gushed a passing Canadian. No response. The second call brought a polite "Good morning, Canada."

"It is pitiful to see our little guests spread their butter and jam so thin, as, of course, they are compelled to do at home," remarked one hostess. "Driving out to make a call with them the other day I was unable to park and said we should drive around the block—you know how it is. Then from the little lad in the back seat I heard: 'My word! What a rotten waste of petrol'."

Treasures Are Safe

Norwegian Crown Jewels Are Now In New York Vaults

The Norwegian crown jewels and a great portion of Norway's gold bullion is now safely in New York vaults, Mrs. A. Wilson Broadbent, wife of the diplomatic correspondent of the London Daily Mail, said in an interview at Ottawa.

The Norwegian wealth was brought to North America in a recent convoy, with a particularly strong naval escort, Mrs. Broadbent said.

There is an old English proverb worth remembering in these days: "Money lost, little lost; honor lost, much lost; pluck lost, all lost."

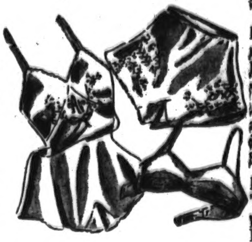
When Pliny more than 2,000 years ago wrote about wormy apples, he was doubtless complaining about codling moths, says an entomologist.

Wherever you go...

—Wrigley's Spearmint Gum is the favorite! Millions enjoy its long-lasting, *genuine* spearmint flavor. Healthful, delicious, refreshing! Get the good habit of enjoying it *after every meal!*

GET SOME TODAY!

New Summer Lingerie Specials



SUMMER PANTIES
Celonese panties of the popular new corduroy weave. Lastex band double band trim and double crotch gusset. Per pair **39c**

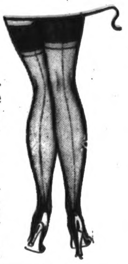
CELONESE SLIPS
Velva Suede Celonese slips. Non-cling and most substantial. Each **79c**

BEWBERY SLIPS
Made from long wearing, pleasing Bewberry material that give the maximum in style and service. Each **1.00**

WOMEN'S OUTSIZE PANTIES
A bargain for the women who like a generous size. Celonese material in a most liberal size. Special **69c**

LASTEX PANTIES
Two way stretch Rayon and Lastex panties in the close fitting style Lace trim. Lastex top. Pair **49c**

HOSIERY



WEAR-WELL CREPE HOSE
A popular priced Crepe hose. Come in all good shades. Made from Pure Thread Silk. Special at **69c**

WEAR-WELL SERVICE HOSE
A bi value produced from this popular price Hosiery mill. Pure Silk and Rayon yarns. Combined—good garter top and good shades. Per pair **69c**

WABASSO CAMBRIC
Buy this splendid print now at the old price. The best print we know of. No dressing. Lovely colors and patterns. Prepare your aprons, dresses, school dresses now.
Per yard **29c**

SPORT WAISTS

Smart little waists to wear with slacks or skirts. Celonese and Celoflannel, smart and dressy in white, yellow, blue, green, sand etc..

1.00

MEN'S EASTON HATS

Weatherized hats for the summer days. Good wool felt in new set shapes. Attractive, dressy, long-wearing hats. All shades.

1.95

MEN'S CAMP SHOES
A light easy summer shoe by "Greb". Soft Elk top. Leather insole, sportex outsole and heel. Easy as a slipper.
Special at **3.75**

MEN'S OXFORD SPECIAL
Elk in two-tone oxfords, almost all sizes in the lot. Regular to 3.50. Special **1.98**

Men's Sock Special

A big assortment of men's socks. Strong work socks, Fancy Rayon and lisle dress socks. Fancy strong cotton socks at one special price.

25c

MENS COVERT SHIRTS

Work shirts that are cool and comfortable but are strong and serviceable. Good shades and extra well made. Each—

1.00

Grocery Specials

FLY COILS, Aeroxon, extra long, 2 doz. 39c
JAR RUBBERS, heavy live rubber, 2 pkgs. 15c
APPLE CIDER, Allen's, in decanter, ... 35c
LEMONADE POWDER, for cool drinks, 2 for 25c
HONEY, Pride of the Prairie, 2 lbs. 30c
APPLE JUICE, Allen's, pure, lge. tins, 2 for 29c
CERTO CRYSTALS, 2 pkts. for 25c
CHEESE, Spreadeasy or Maypole, 2 lb. box 59c
IVORY SOAP, 3 large cakes 21c
CANNED CORN, Alberta sweet, 2 tins 25c

J. C. McFarland Co.

LOCALS

Mr. and Mrs. V. Hutchinson and Ethel and Margaret Tate arrived home from their trip to Vancouver last Tuesday evening.

Owing to the abundance of wild fruit this year practically every family has been out picking while the season lasts.

Mrs. E. Mills and children of Edmonton are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Smallwood.

Miss Alice Kjoss is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. S. C. Smallwood.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Gwinn are on their way to the coast by car for a lengthy visit.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Raham and son Lyle left Monday on a holiday trip to Ontario.

Word was received here recently that Miss Louise Waffel and Mr. Bert Nicol, both of Perryvale, Alta., were married in Edmonton on July 13. The groom is well known in the Irma district, having lived here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Don Nicol, for several years. Irma friends extend best wishes to this young couple.

Miss Solveig Steffensen has recently returned from a motor trip to Calgary, Banff and Jasper.

Bobbie Wilbraham is spending a week or two of the holidays with Jack Batchelor of the Fabyan district.

The regular meeting of the Irma Ladies Aid will be held next Thursday, August 8th, at the home of Mrs. Martin Knudson. Mrs. Locke will have charge of the insoirational paper. The devotionals by Mrs. Peterson, and the hostesses are Mrs. Marsdet and Mrs. Knudson. All friends and neighbors are cordially invited.

The Searle Grain rainfall report for the week ending July 30 gives the following figures: rainfall for week .05; total rainfall to date 10.89; total rainfall to same date last year 7.89; average rainfall to date 8.37.

St. Magaret's W.A. Battle Heights are holding a silver tea and garden party at the home of Miss Bacon on Wednesday, August, 7th. Everybody welcome.

FOR SALE—One 4-year-old gelding, broke and quiet. Good size and no blemishes. Apply Times office.

FOR SALE—120 bass piano accordian with coupler, A1 shape, cheap. Apply Irma Garage. 2p

NEW IDEAS

ADVERTISEMENTS are your guide to modern living. They bring you today's NEWS about the food you eat and the clothes you wear, the stores you visit and the home you live in. Factories everywhere are turning out new and interesting products.

● And the place to find out about these new things is right here in this newspaper. It's columns are filled with important messages which you should read.

Professional Cards

DR. H. L. CALDWELL
Dentist, of Viking
will be in the IRMA DRUG STORE
Every FRIDAY for Professional Services

DENTIST
DR. R. V. SPRINGBETT
Wainwright
Phone No. 3
IN IRMA EVERY TUESDAY

PURVIS & LOGAN
Barristers and Solicitors
Irma Phone: No. 87
At Irma every second and fourth Friday of each month.

C. GREENBERG, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Phone 40
Irma - - Alberta

IRMA L.O.L. No. 2066
Meets the last Monday in each month at 8 p.m.
Wor. Master .... R. H. Stone
Rec. Secretary .... James Stead
Visiting Orangemen Always Welcome

IRMA LODGE No. 56
Meets First and Third Tuesday in each month at 8 p.m., in the I.O.O.F. Hall
Visting Brothers Always Welcome

Shipping Hogs

SHIPPING HOGS EVERY TUESDAY
HIGHEST PRICES PAID !
A. E. Foxwell
PHONE 13

For GOOD LUMBER
A SQUARE DEAL
PROMPT SERVICE
C. FEERO, Irma, ALta.

I AM BUYING HOGS IN IRMA EVERY TUESDAY
CARL ANQUIST
PHONE 4

Irma Times

Published every Friday by the Times Publishers, Irma, Alberta.
E. W. CARTER, Local Editor.
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TRAVEL BY BUS

WEEK-END EXCURSIONS ON ALL LINES
Leave Irma daily, going West .... 7:45 a.m.
Leave Irma daily, going East .... 8:10 p.m.
Charter a bus for your next party trip. Find the low cost and added pleasure
GET MORE FOR YOUR TRAVEL DOLLAR BY BUS
Sunburst Motor Coaches Ltd.

Advertising Peps Up Business

Read the Ads in the Times

FARM STORAGE IMPORTANT

It is feared that many Alberta farmers do not fully realize the seriousness of the congestion now existing in grain storage. It is a certainty that before harvest proceeds very far this coming autumn what elevator space is left will be completely plugged. Every farmer should make plans to provide all the farm storage he possibly can.

The terminal elevators on both Atlantic and Pacific seaboards, as well as terminals on the Great Lakes and also in the interior are pretty well loaded with wheat and other grains at the present time. The surplus grain is backed up into country elevators, which is an unprecedented state of affairs.

Whatever the federal government may do will not relieve the storage congestion. The great bulk of the grain that will be threshed this fall will have to be retained on farms. In order to prevent damage and loss every effort should be made to provide as much safe farm storage as possible.

It is apparent that it may be impossible to market grain in poor condition, and this is a phase that should not be neglected.

It won't be long now before harvest is here and the least possible delay is desirable in developing farm storage plans.

A bay leaf or sprig of dried thyme is sufficient to season gravy of a pot roast.

ALL ELEVATORS WILL SELL WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

All elevator agents will assist in the sale of war savings certificates to farmers throughout western Canada at more than 4,500 country elevators operated by Line Companies, Pools and United Grain Growers, it was announced today.

Facilities will be arranged whereby a farmer when delivering grain to the elevator will be enabled to have a cash grain ticket made out direct to the government for whatever amount of war savings certificates he wishes to purchase. This ticket will then be forwarded to Ottawa by the elevator agent and the farmer will receive his war bond direct from Ottawa.

E. J. Tarr, K.C., chairman of the War Savings Committee for Manitoba, expressed appreciation for the cooperation of the elevator companies for making available more than 4500 additional sales outlets in rural areas of the western provinces. He urged all farmers who wished to participate in this war effort to arrange the purchase of their certificates at country elevators.

Carpets can be kept clean and their colors bright if they are swept occasionally with a broom dipped in hot water to which turpentine has been added.

* * *

An ordinary blackboard eraser makes an excellent shoe polisher.

LOW 30-DAY VACATION FARES to the PACIFIC COAST AND Canadian Rockies

EVERY FRIDAY, SATURDAY & SUNDAY, MAY 31 TO SEPT. 29.
Liberal stopover privileges allowed.

Sample Return Fares:
Hardisty to Vancouver

Coach	*Tourist	*Standard
$23.25	$27.45	$31.55

*Plus berth charge.
Proportionately low fares to and from other stations.

OTHER HOLIDAY SUGGESTIONS: See Alaska and the Yukon — 9-day "Princess" Cruises — Vancouver to Skagway and return. Carefree Sunset Cruises along West Coast of Vancouver Island. Or, if going East, take the popular Lake and Rail route.

Apply local Ticket Agent

Canadian Pacific
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM

BANK OF MONTREAL CROP REPORT No. 7

Hot weather has prevailed throughout the prairie provinces during the past week, causing some deterioration, but crops in many districts have benefited from light to moderate rains. In Manitoba and Alberta crop conditions are generaly satisfactory and in Saskatchewan summerfallow fields are in fairly good condition. Wheat is all headed out, but in some areas in Manitoba is ripening prematurely as a result of the heat. Cutting of barley and rye has commenced at a few points in Manitoba. Hail losses have occurred in local areas. In the province of Quebec crops have made good progress and while growth remains backward in some sections prospects on the whole for an average season are now more favorable. In Ontario, high temperatures and occasional showers have hastened the growth of all crops and the general outlook continues favorable. In the maritime provinces growing conditions have been favorable and crops have made good progress during the past week; the hay crop is above the average and roots are doing well. In British Columbia good rains have occurred in the Cariboo district and on Vancouver Island, with scattered showers elsewhere, but these too late to benefit grain crops, which will be light. An average crop of potatoes is anticipated and tree fruits are sizing well, but onion and berry crops are light and pasturage poor to fair.